

SECTION 08110 - STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
1. Steel doors.
 2. Steel door frames.
 3. Sidelight frames
 4. Fire-rated door and frame assemblies.
 5. Window frames.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Steel Sheet Thicknesses: Thickness dimensions, including those referenced in ANSI A250.8, are minimums as defined in referenced ASTM standards for both uncoated steel sheet and the uncoated base metal of metallic-coated steel sheets.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of door and frame indicated, include door designation, type, level and model, material description, core description, construction details, label compliance, sound and fire-resistance ratings, and finishes.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
1. Elevations of each door design.
 2. Details of doors including vertical and horizontal edge details.
 3. Frame details for each frame type including dimensioned profiles.
 4. Details and locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
 5. Details of each different wall opening condition.
 6. Details of anchorages, accessories, joints, and connections.
 7. Coordination of glazing frames and stops with glass and glazing requirements.
- D. Frame Schedule: Use same reference designations indicated on Drawings in preparing schedule for doors and frames.

- E. Oversize Construction Certificates: For door assemblies required to be fire-protection rated and exceeding size limitations of labeled assemblies.
- F. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Steel Door and Frame Standard: Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- B. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
 - 1. Test Pressure: Test at atmospheric pressure.
 - 2. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - 3. Temperature-Rise Rating: Where indicated, provide doors that have a temperature-rise rating of 450 degrees F maximum in 30 minutes of fire exposure.
- C. Fire-Rated Window Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver doors and frames cardboard-wrapped or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to finish of factory-finished doors and frames.
- B. Inspect doors and frames on delivery for damage, and notify shipper and supplier if damage is found. Minor damages may be repaired provided refinished items match new work and are acceptable to Architect. Remove and replace damaged items that cannot be repaired as directed.
- C. Store doors and frames at building site under cover. Place units on minimum 4-inch-high wood blocking. Avoid using nonvented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber. If door packaging becomes wet, remove cartons immediately. Provide minimum 1/4-inch spaces between stacked doors to permit air circulation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.6 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Provide products by one of the following:

1. Steel Doors and Frames:
 - a. Ceco Door Products; a United Dominion Company.
 - b. Curries Company.
 - c. Republic Builders Products.
 - d. Steelcraft; a division of Ingersoll-Rand.

1.7 MATERIALS

- A. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheets: ASTM A 569/A 569M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
- B. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: ASTM A 366/A 366M, Commercial Steel (CS), or ASTM A 620/A 620M, Drawing Steel (DS), Type B; stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
- C. Electrolytic Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 591/A 591M, Commercial Steel (CS), Class B coating; mill phosphatized; suitable for unexposed applications; stretcher-leveled standard of flatness where used for face sheets.

1.8 DOORS

- A. General: Provide doors of sizes, thickness, and designs indicated.
- B. Interior Doors: Provide doors complying with requirements indicated below by referencing ANSI 250.8 for level and model and ANSI A250.4 for physical-endurance level:
 1. Interior Doors Including Stairwell Doors: Level 2 and Physical Performance Level B (Heavy Duty), Model 2 (Seamless).
- C. Exterior Doors: Provide doors complying with requirements indicated below by referencing ANSI A250.8 for level and model and ANSI A250.4 for physical-endurance level:
 1. Level 3 and Physical Performance Level A (Extra Heavy Duty), Model 2 (Seamless).

- D. Door Louvers: Provide louvers for interior doors, where indicated, that comply with SDI 111C, with blades or baffles formed of 0.020-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet set into 0.032-inch- thick steel frame.
 - 1. Sightproof Louvers: Stationary louvers constructed with inverted V-shaped or Y-shaped blades.

1.9 FRAMES

- A. General: Provide steel frames for doors, transoms, sidelights, borrowed lights, and other openings that comply with ANSI A250.8 and with details indicated for type and profile. Conceal fastenings, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Frames of 0.053-inch- thick steel sheet for:
 - 1. Door openings wider than 48 inches.
 - 2. Level 2 steel doors.
 - 3. Wood doors, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Frames of 0.067-inch- thick steel sheet for:
 - 1. Level 3 steel doors.
- D. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, fabricate stops to receive three silencers on strike jambs of single-door frames and two silencers on heads of double-door frames.
- E. Supports and Anchors: Fabricated from not less than 0.042-inch- thick, electrolytic zinc-coated or metallic-coated steel sheet.
 - 1. Wall Anchors in Masonry Construction: 0.177-inch- diameter, steel wire complying with ASTM A 510 may be used in place of steel sheet.
- F. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units. Where zinc-coated items are to be built into exterior walls, comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C or D as applicable.

1.10 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate steel door and frame units to comply with ANSI A250.8 and to be rigid, neat in appearance, and free from defects including warp and buckle. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment, to assure proper assembly at Project site.

- B. Exterior Door Construction: For exterior locations and elsewhere as indicated, fabricate doors, panels, and frames from metallic-coated steel sheet. Close top and bottom edges of doors flush as an integral part of door construction or by addition of 0.053-inch- thick, metallic-coated steel channels with channel webs placed even with top and bottom edges.
- C. Interior Door Faces: Fabricate exposed faces of doors and panels, including stiles and rails of nonflush units, from the following material:
 - 1. Cold-rolled steel sheet.
- D. Core Construction:
 - 1. Interior Doors: Resin-impregnated kraft/paper honeycomb or rigid mineral-fiber board as required for fire ratings.
 - 2. Exterior Doors: Polystyrene.
- E. Clearances for Non-Fire-Rated Doors: Not more than 1/8 inch at jambs and heads, except not more than 1/4 inch between pairs of doors. Not more than 3/4 inch at bottom.
- F. Clearances for Fire-Rated Doors: As required by NFPA 80.
- G. Tolerances: Comply with SDI 117, "Manufacturing Tolerances for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
- H. Exposed Fasteners: Unless otherwise indicated, provide countersunk flat or oval heads for exposed screws and bolts.
- I. Thermal-Rated (Insulating) Assemblies: At exterior locations and elsewhere as shown or scheduled, provide doors fabricated as thermal-insulating door and frame assemblies and tested according to ASTM C 236 or ASTM C 976 on fully operable door assemblies.
 - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide thermal-rated assemblies with U-value of 0.41 Btu/sq. ft. x h x degrees F or better.
- J. Hardware Preparation: Prepare doors and frames to receive mortised and concealed hardware according to final door hardware schedule and templates provided by hardware supplier. Comply with applicable requirements in ANSI A250.6 and ANSI A115 Series specifications for door and frame preparation for hardware.
 - 1. For concealed overhead door closers, provide space, cutouts, reinforcement, and provisions for fastening in top rail of doors or head of frames, as applicable.
 - 2. Locate hardware as indicated on Shop Drawings or, if not indicated, according to ANSI A250.8.

- K. Door and Window Frame Construction: Fabricate frames to shape shown.
 - 1. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped and continuously welded corners and seamless face joints.
 - 2. Provide welded frames with temporary spreader bars for doors.
- L. Reinforcement: Reinforce doors and frames to receive surface-applied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surface-applied hardware may be done at Project site.
- M. Glazing Stops: Manufacturer's standard, formed from 0.032-inch- thick steel sheet.
 - 1. Provide nonremovable stops on outside of exterior doors and on secure side of interior doors for glass, louvers, and other panels in doors.
 - 2. Provide screw-applied, removable, glazing stops on inside of glass, louvers, and other panels in doors.
- N. Astragals: As required by NFPA 80 to provide fire ratings indicated.

1.11 FINISHES

- A. Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied coat of rust-inhibiting primer complying with ANSI A250.10 for acceptance criteria.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.12 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install steel doors, frames, and accessories according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's data, and as specified.
- B. Placing Frames: Comply with provisions in SDI 105. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is completed, remove temporary braces and spreaders, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - 1. In masonry construction, provide at least three wall anchors per jamb; install adjacent to hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb. Acceptable anchors include masonry wire anchors and masonry T-shaped anchors.
 - 2. In metal-stud partitions, provide at least three wall anchors per jamb; install adjacent to hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb. Attach wall anchors to studs with screws.
 - 3. Install fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.
- C. Door Installation: Comply with ANSI A250.8. Fit hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified in ANSI A250.8. Shim as necessary to comply with SDI 122 and ANSI/DHI A115.1G.

1. Fire-Rated Doors: Install within clearances specified in NFPA 80.
2. Smoke-Control Doors: Install to comply with NFPA 105.

1.13 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after installation, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touch up of compatible air-drying primer.
- B. Protection Removal: Immediately before final inspection, remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.

END OF SECTION 08110

SECTION 08211 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Solid-core doors with wood-veneer faces.
 - 2. Factory finishing flush wood doors.
 - 3. Factory fitting flush wood doors to frames and factory machining for hardware.
 - 4. Louvers for flush wood doors.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of door. Include details of core and edge construction, louvers, and trim for openings. Include factory-finishing specifications.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; location and extent of hardware blocking; and other pertinent data.
 - 1. Indicate dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - 2. Indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts.
 - 3. Indicate requirements for veneer matching.
 - 4. Indicate doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
 - 5. Indicate fire ratings for fire doors.
- D. Samples for Verification:
 - 1. Factory finishes applied to actual door face materials, approximately 8 by 10 inches, for each material and finish. For each wood species and transparent finish, provide set of three samples showing typical range of color and grain to be expected in the finished work.
- E. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

- F. Certification: Provide certification that all architectural wood materials originate from, 'sustainable managed forests'. Forests and forest product manufacturers may be certified by Scientific Certification Systems (SCS), RainForest Alliance's, SmartWood Program or another certifying body approved by Architect.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain flush wood doors through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated."
 - 1. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- C. Fire-Rated Wood Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
 - 1. Oversize, Fire-Rated Wood Doors: For door assemblies exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide oversize fire door label or certificate of inspection, from a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, stating that doors comply with requirements of design, materials, and construction.
 - 2. Temperature-Rise Rating: At exit enclosures, provide doors that have a temperature-rise rating of 450 degrees F maximum in 30 minutes of fire exposure.
- D. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Mark each door on top and bottom rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install doors until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and will maintain temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form, signed by manufacturer, Installer, and Contractor, in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that are defective in materials or workmanship, have warped (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch in a 42-by-84-inch section, or show telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch span.
1. Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors.
 2. Warranty shall be in effect during the following period of time from date of Substantial Completion:
 - a. Solid-Core Interior Doors: Life of installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
1. Flush Wood Doors:
 - a. Algoma Hardwoods Inc.
 - b. Eggers Industries; Architectural Door Division.
 - c. VT Industries Inc.
 - d. Marshfield Door Systems (formerly Weyerhaeuser Company)
 2. Metal Louvers for Doors:
 - a. Air Louvers, Inc.
 - b. Anemostat Door Products.

1.8 DOOR CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

- A. Doors for Opaque Finish:
1. Grade: Custom.
 2. Faces for Interior Doors: Any closed-grain Certified hardwood of mill option.

1.9 SOLID-CORE DOORS

- A. Particleboard Cores: Comply with the following requirements:
1. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-2.
 2. Blocking: Provide wood blocking in particleboard-core doors as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.
- B. Interior Doors:
1. Core: Particleboard.
 2. Construction: Five plies with stiles and rails bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.
- C. Fire-Rated Doors:
1. Construction: Construction and core specified above for type of face indicated or manufacturer's standard mineral-core construction as needed to provide fire rating indicated.
 2. Blocking: For mineral-core doors, provide composite blocking with improved screw-holding capability approved for use in doors of fire ratings indicated as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.
 3. Edge Construction: At hinge stiles, provide manufacturer's standard laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance and with outer stile matching face veneer.
 4. Pairs: Furnish formed-steel edges and astragals for pairs of fire-rated doors, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Finish astragals with baked enamel same color as doors.
 5. Pairs: Provide fire-rated pairs with fire-retardant stiles matching face veneer that are labeled and listed for kinds of applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals.
- D. Labels: Provide factory-applied labels. Label all doors "asbestos free" using ¾-inch wide by 3-inch long brass tags with an embossed message reading "non-asbestos", mechanically attached to the hinge edge of the door and mounted 2-inches below the fire label.

1.10 LOUVERS AND LIGHT FRAMES

- A. Wood Louvers: Door manufacturer's standard solid-wood louvers, unless otherwise indicated.

- B. Metal Louvers:
 - 1. Blade Type: Vision-proof, inverted V.
 - 2. Metal and Finish: Extruded aluminum with black Class II, color anodic finish complying with AA-C22A32/A34.
- C. Metal Frames for Light Openings in Fire Doors: Manufacturer's standard frame formed of 0.0478-inch- thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; factory primed and approved for use in doors of fire rating indicated.

1.11 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate doors in sizes indicated for Project-site fitting.
- B. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting. Comply with requirements in NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
- C. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, DHI A115-W series standards, and hardware templates.
 - 1. Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
 - 2. Metal Astragals: Premachine astragals and formed-steel edges for hardware for pairs of fire-rated doors.
- D. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors to comply with applicable requirements of referenced standards for kind(s) of door(s) required.
 - 1. Light Openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.
 - 2. Louvers: Factory install louvers in prepared openings.

1.12 FACTORY FINISHING

- A. General: Comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated" for factory finishing.
- B. Opaque Finish:
 - 1. Finish: Refer to Section 09912, Painting.
 - 2. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.13 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and installed door frames before hanging doors.
 - 1. Verify that frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location, and swing characteristics and have been installed with level heads and plumb jambs.
 - 2. Reject doors with defects.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.14 INSTALLATION

- A. Hardware: For installation, see Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."
- B. Manufacturer's Written Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
 - 1. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.
- C. Job-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted for fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining.
 - 1. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch from bottom of door to top of threshold.
 - a. Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - 2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock and hinge edges.
 - 3. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.

1.15 ADJUSTING

- A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
- B. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION 08211

SECTION 08311 - ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following types of access doors:
 - 1. Wall access doors.
 - 2. Fire-rated wall access doors.
 - 3. Ceiling access doors.
 - 4. Fire-rated ceiling access doors.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of access door assembly specified, including details of construction relative to materials, individual components, profiles, finishes, and fire-protection ratings (if required).
 - 1. Include complete schedule, including types, general locations, sizes, wall and ceiling construction details, latching or locking provisions, and other data pertinent to installation.
- C. Shop Drawings: Showing fabrication and installation of customized access doors and frames, including details of each frame type, elevations of door design types, anchorage, and accessory items.
- D. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain access doors for entire Project from one source and by a single manufacturer.
- B. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Units that comply with NFPA 80, are identical to door and frame assemblies tested for fire-test-response characteristics per test method as

indicated below, and are labeled and listed by UL, Warnock Hersey, or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Test Method for Vertical Installations: ASTM E 152.
 2. Test Method for Horizontal Installations: ASTM E 119.
- C. Size Variations: Obtain Architect's acceptance of manufacturer's standard size units, which may vary slightly from sizes indicated.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Verification: Determine specific locations and sizes for access doors needed to gain access to concealed equipment, and indicate on schedule specified under "Submittals" Article.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.5 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
1. J.L. Industries.
 2. Karp Associates, Inc.
 3. Larsen's Manufacturing Co.
 4. Milcor, Inc.
 5. Nystrom, Inc.

1.6 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 366 commercial-quality, cold-rolled steel sheet with baked-on, rust-inhibitive primer.

1.7 ACCESS DOORS

- A. Insulated, Fire-Rated Access Doors: Self-latching units consisting of frame, trim, door, insulation, and hardware, including automatic closer, interior latch release, and complying with the following requirements:
1. Trimless Frame: Perimeter frame complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Metal: 0.0598-inch- thick steel sheet.
 - b. Frame Configuration: Flange integral with frame and overlapping face of adjoining gypsum board, with surface formed to receive joint compound.

2. Door: 0.0359-inch- thick steel sheet, welded pan type.
 3. Hinges: Continuous type.
 4. Latches: Bolt type, operated by either a ring turn or flush key device (keyed alike).
 5. Insulation: 2-inch- thick mineral-fiber insulation.
 6. Fire-Protection Rating for Walls: 1-1/2 hours with a temperature rise not exceeding 250 degrees F at the end of 30 minutes.
 7. Fire-Protection Rating for Ceilings: 1 hour combustible or 3 hour non-combustible as required for constructed indicated.
- B. Noninsulated, Fire-Rated Doors for Walls: Self-latching units consisting of frame, trim, door, and hardware, including automatic closer, interior latch release, and complying with the following requirements:
1. Frame: 0.0598-inch- thick steel sheet.
 2. Door: 0.0598-inch- thick steel sheet.
 3. Hinge: Continuous type.
 4. Latches: Bolt type, operated by either a ring turn or flush key device (keyed alike).
 5. Fire-Protection Rating for Walls: 1-1/2 hours.
- C. Trimless, Flush Access Doors for Gypsum Board: Units consisting of frame, concealed edge trim, door, hardware, and complying with the following requirements:
1. Frame: 0.0598-inch- thick steel sheet.
 2. Door: 0.0747-inch- thick steel sheet.
 3. Concealed, Gypsum Board Edge Trim: 0.0299-inch zinc-coated or galvanized-steel sheet with face flange formed to receive joint compound.
 4. Hinge: Concealed spring pin or continuous type.
 5. Locks: Key-operated cylinder lock.

1.8 FABRICATION

- A. General: Manufacture each access door assembly as an integral unit ready for installation.
- B. Steel Access Doors and Frames: Continuous welded construction. Grind welds smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Furnish attachment devices and fasteners of type required to secure access panels to types of supports indicated.
1. Exposed Flange: Nominal 1 to 1-1/2 inches wide around perimeter of frame.
 2. For gypsum board assemblies or gypsum veneer plaster, furnish frames with edge trim for gypsum board or gypsum base.
 3. For installation in masonry construction, furnish frames with adjustable metal masonry anchors.

- C. Locking Devices: Furnish number required to hold door in flush, smooth plane when closed.
 - 1. For cylinder lock, furnish 2 keys per lock and key all locks alike.
 - 2. For recessed panel doors, provide access sleeves for each locking device. Furnish plastic grommets and install in holes cut through finish.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.9 PREPARATION

- A. Advise Installers of other work about specific requirements relating to access door installation, including sizes of openings to receive access door and frame, as well as locations of supports, inserts, and anchoring devices. Furnish inserts and anchoring devices for access doors that must be built into other construction. Coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

1.10 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's instructions for installing access doors.
 - 1. Set frames accurately in position and attach securely to supports with plane of face panels aligned with adjacent finished surfaces.
 - 2. Install concealed-frame access doors flush with adjacent finish surfaces.
 - 3. Paint exposed surface of access doors and frames to match adjacent surface finish.

1.11 ADJUST AND CLEAN

- A. Adjust hardware and panels after installation for proper operation.
- B. Remove and replace panels or frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise damaged.

END OF SECTION 08311

SECTION 08410 - ALUMINUM ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Exterior entrance systems.
 - 2. Interior entrance systems.
 - 3. Interior storefront systems.

1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. General: Provide aluminum entrance and storefront systems capable of withstanding loads and thermal and structural movement requirements indicated without failure, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project. Failure includes the following:
 - 1. Air infiltration and water penetration exceeding specified limits.
 - 2. Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movement, to glazing units.
- B. Glazing: Physically and thermally isolate glazing from framing members.
- C. Glazing-to-Glazing Joints: Provide glazing-to-glazing joints that accommodate thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and system, prevent glazing-to-glazing contact, and maintain required edge clearances.
- D. Loads: Provide entrance and storefront systems, including anchorage, capable of withstanding exterior and interior structural loads and design pressures calculated according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction or the American Society of Civil Engineers' ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures," 6.4.2, "Analytical Procedure," whichever are more stringent.
- E. Air Infiltration – Exterior Entrances: Provide entrance and storefront systems with permanent resistance to air leakage through fixed glazing and frame areas of not more than 0.50 cfm/linear. ft. of perimeter crack when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a static-air-pressure difference of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.
- F. Thermal Movements: Provide exterior entrance systems, including anchorage, that accommodate thermal movements of systems and supporting elements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures without buckling, damaging stresses on glazing, failure of joint sealants, damaging loads on fasteners, failure of doors or other operating units to function properly, and other detrimental effects.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 degrees F, ambient; 180 degrees F, material surfaces.

G. Structural-Support Movement: Provide entrance and storefront systems that accommodate structural movements including, but not limited to, sway and deflection.

H. Dimensional Tolerances: Provide entrance and storefront systems that accommodate dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.

B. Product Data: For each product specified. Include details of construction relative to materials, dimensions of individual components, profiles, and finishes.

C. Shop Drawings: For entrance and storefront systems. Show details of fabrication and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, details of components, provisions for expansion and contraction, and attachments to other work.

1. For entrance systems, include hardware schedule and indicate operating hardware types, quantities, and locations.

D. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for units with factory-applied color finishes.

E. Samples for Verification: Of each type of exposed finish required in manufacturer's standard sizes. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include Sample sets showing the full range of variations expected.

F. Installer Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that installers comply with specified requirements.

G. Sealant Compatibility and Adhesion Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer, indicating that materials forming joint substrates and joint-sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with sealants; include joint sealant manufacturers' written interpretation of test results relative to sealant performance and recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed to obtain adhesion.

H. Field Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance with storefront systems' performance requirements.

- I. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified independent testing agency, indicate compliance of entrance and storefront systems with requirements based on comprehensive testing of current systems.
- J. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer to assume engineering responsibility and perform work of this Section who has specialized in installing entrance and storefront systems similar to those required for this Project and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
 - 1. Engineering Responsibility: Prepare data for entrance and storefront systems, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: Demonstrate to Architect's satisfaction, based on Architect's evaluation of criteria conforming to ASTM E 699, that the independent testing agency has the experience and capability to satisfactorily conduct the testing indicated without delaying the Work.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of entrance and storefront system through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Preconstruction Sealant Testing: Perform sealant manufacturers' standard tests for compatibility and adhesion of sealants with each material that will come in contact with sealants and each condition required by system.
 - 1. Test a minimum of 8 samples of each metal, glazing, and other material.
 - 2. Prepare samples using techniques and primers required for installed systems.
 - 3. Perform tests under environmental conditions that duplicate those under which systems will be installed.
 - 4. For materials that fail tests, determine corrective measures required to prepare each material to ensure compatibility with and adhesion of sealants, including, but not limited to, specially formulated primers. After performing these corrective measures on the minimum number of samples required for each material, retest materials.
- E. Welding Standards: Comply with applicable provisions of AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
 - 1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating systems without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: The special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive the Owner of other rights the Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by the Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Submit a written warranty executed by the manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace components of entrance and storefront systems that fail in materials or workmanship within the specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
 - 2. Adhesive sealant failures.
 - 3. Cohesive sealant failures.
 - 4. Failure of system to meet performance requirements.
 - 5. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
 - 6. Failure of operating components to function normally.
 - 7. Water leakage through fixed glazing and frame areas.
- C. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.7 SYSTEMS

- A. Model and Manufacturer – Basis of Design:
 - 1. Exterior Entrances: 560 Insulclad Thermal Entrance; Kawneer Company, Inc.
 - 2. Interior Entrances: Entara Entrances; Kawneer Company, Inc.
 - 3. Interior Storefront: Trifab 450 VG; Kawneer Company, Inc.

- B. Other Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
1. EFCO Corporation.
 2. Tubelite Architectural Systems.
 3. YKK AP America Inc.

1.8 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, complying with the requirements of standards indicated below.
1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
 2. Extruded Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
 3. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.
 4. Bars, Rods, and Wire: ASTM B 211.
 5. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: AWS A5.10.
- B. Steel Reinforcement: Complying with ASTM A 36 for structural shapes, plates, and bars; ASTM A 611 for cold-rolled sheet and strip; or ASTM A 570 for hot-rolled sheet and strip.
- C. Glazing: Refer to Division 8 Section "Glazing."
- D. Spacers, Setting Blocks, Gaskets, and Bond Breakers: Manufacturer's standard permanent, nonmigrating types in hardness recommended by manufacturer, compatible with sealants, and suitable for system performance requirements.
- E. Structural Silicone Sealant: Type recommended by sealant and system manufacturers that complies with ASTM C 1184 requirements, is compatible with system components with which it comes in contact, and is specifically formulated and tested for use as a structural sealant.
1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
 2. Tensile Strength: 100-psi minimum.
 3. Provide sealant with modulus of elasticity that will not allow movement of more than 25 percent of joint width, unless less movement is required by structural-sealant-glazed systems' design.
 4. Use neutral-cure silicone sealant with insulating-glass units.
- F. Secondary Sealant: For use as weatherseal, compatible with structural silicone sealant and other system components with which it comes in contact, and that accommodates a 50 percent increase or decrease in joint width at the time of application when measured according to ASTM C 719.
1. Color: Black.
 2. Use neutral-cure silicone sealant with insulating-glass units.

- G. Sealants and joint fillers for joints at perimeter of entrance and storefront systems as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- H. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements, except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

1.9 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members: Manufacturer's standard extruded-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.
 - 1. Construction: High-performance plastic connectors separate framing members exposed to the exterior from members exposed to the interior.
- B. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.
- C. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration, use self-locking devices.
 - 2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
 - 3. Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads, finished to match framing system.
- D. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M requirements.
- E. Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials. Form exposed flashing from sheet aluminum finished to match framing and of sufficient thickness to maintain a flat appearance without visible deflection.
- F. Framing System Gaskets and Sealants: Manufacturer's standard recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

1.10 GLAZING SYSTEMS

- A. Glazing: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types, replaceable, molded or extruded, that maintain uniform pressure and watertight seal.
- C. Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric types.

- D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Manufacturer's standard TFE-fluorocarbon or polyethylene material to which sealants will not develop adhesion.
- E. Glazing Sealants: For structural-sealant-glazed systems, as recommended by manufacturer for joint type and as follows:
 - 1. Structural Sealant: ASTM C 1184, neutral-curing silicone formulation compatible with system components with which it comes in contact, specifically formulated and tested for use as structural sealant, and approved by structural-sealant manufacturer for use in aluminum-framed systems indicated.
 - a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
 - 2. Weatherseal Sealant: ASTM C 920 for Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, G, A, and O; neutral-curing silicone formulation compatible with structural sealant and other system components with which it comes in contact; and recommended by structural- and weatherseal-sealant and aluminum-framed system manufacturers for this use.
 - a. Color: Matching structural sealant.

1.11 COMPONENTS

- A. Doors: Provide manufacturer's standard 1-3/4-inch- thick glazed doors with minimum 0.125-inch- thick, extruded tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deep penetration and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie-rods.
 - 1. Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Provide manufacturer's standard snap-on extruded-aluminum glazing stops and preformed gaskets.
 - 2. Thermal Construction: High-performance plastic connectors separate aluminum members exposed to the exterior from members exposed to the interior.
- B. Brackets and Reinforcements: Provide manufacturer's standard brackets and reinforcements that are compatible with adjacent materials. Provide nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.
- C. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Reinforce members as required to retain fastener threads.
 - 2. Do not use exposed fasteners, except for hardware application. For hardware application, use countersunk Phillips flat-head machine screws finished to match framing members or hardware being fastened, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123 or ASTM A 153 requirements.

- E. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing, compatible with adjacent materials, and of type recommended by manufacturer.
- F. Weather Stripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable weather stripping.

1.12 DOOR HARDWARE

- A. General: Provide heavy-duty units in sizes and types recommended by entrance system and hardware manufacturers for entrances and uses indicated.
- B. Continuous-Gear Hinges: Manufacturer's standard with stainless-steel bearings between knuckles; fabricated to full height of door and frame.
- C. Closers: As specified in Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."
- D. Cylinders: As specified in Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."
- E. Thresholds: At exterior doors, provide manufacturer's standard threshold with cutouts coordinated for operating hardware, with anchors and jamb clips, and not more than 1/2-inch- high, with beveled edges providing a floor level change with a slope of not more than 1:2, and in the following material:
 - 1. Material: Aluminum, mill finish.
- F. Weather Stripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable components.

1.13 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate components that, when assembled, will have accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.
 - 1. Fabricate components for screw-spline frame construction.
- B. Forming: Form shapes with sharp profiles, straight and free of defects or deformations, before finishing.
- C. Framing: Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
- D. Prepare components to receive concealed fasteners and anchor and connection devices.
- E. Fabricate components to drain water passing joints and condensation and moisture occurring or migrating within the system to the exterior.

- F. Welding: Weld components to comply with referenced AWS standard. Weld before finishing components to greatest extent possible. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- G. Glazing Channels: Provide minimum clearances for thickness and type of glass indicated according to FGMA's "Glazing Manual."
- H. Metal Protection: Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
- I. Storefront: Fabricate framing in profiles indicated for flush glazing (without projecting stops). Provide subframes and reinforcing of types indicated or, if not indicated, as required for a complete system. Factory assemble components to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation.
- J. Entrances: Fabricate door framing in profiles indicated. Reinforce as required to support imposed loads. Factory assemble door and frame units and factory install hardware to greatest extent possible. Reinforce door and frame units as required for installing hardware indicated. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed hardware before finishing components.
 - 1. Exterior Doors: Provide compression weather stripping at fixed stops. At other locations, provide sliding weather stripping retained in adjustable strip mortised into door edge.
 - 2. Interior Doors: Provide ANSI/BHMA A156.16 silencers at stops to prevent metal to metal contact. Provide 3 silencers on strike jamb of single-door frames and 2 silencers on head of double-door frames.

1.14 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations relative to applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- C. Finish designations prefixed by AA conform to the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

- D. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
1. Color: Custom as selected by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.15 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of entrance and storefront systems. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.16 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for protecting, handling, and installing entrance and storefront systems. Do not install damaged components. Fit frame joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints. Seal joints watertight.
- B. Metal Protection: Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
- C. Install components to drain water passing joints and condensation and moisture occurring or migrating within the system to the exterior.
- D. Set continuous sill members and flashing in a full sealant bed to provide weathertight construction, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with requirements of Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- E. Install framing components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades without warp or rack of framing members.
- F. Install entrances plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades without warp or rack. Lubricate operating hardware and other moving parts according to hardware manufacturers' written instructions.

1. Install surface-mounted hardware according to manufacturer's written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.
- G. Install glazing to comply with requirements of Division 8 Section "Glazing," unless otherwise indicated.
1. Prepare surfaces that will contact structural sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to ensure compatibility and adhesion. Preparation includes, but is not limited to, cleaning and priming surfaces.
 2. Install structural silicone sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions.
 3. Mechanically fasten glazing in place until structural sealant is cured.
 4. Remove excess sealant from component surfaces before sealant has cured.
- H. Install secondary-sealant weatherseal according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to provide weatherproof joints. Install joint fillers behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
- I. Install perimeter sealant to comply with requirements of Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants," unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Erection Tolerances: Install entrance and storefront systems to comply with the following maximum tolerances:
1. Variation from Plane: Limit variation from plane or location shown to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/4 inch over total length.
 2. Alignment: Where surfaces abut in line, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch. Where surfaces meet at corners, limit offset from true alignment to 1/32 inch.
 3. Diagonal Measurements: Limit difference between diagonal measurements to 1/8 inch.

1.17 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform field quality-control testing indicated.
- B. Structural-Silicone-Sealant Adhesion Test: Test installed structural silicone sealant according to field adhesion test method described in AAMA CW #13, "Structural Sealant Glazing Systems (A Design Guide)."
1. Test a minimum of 2 areas.
- C. Water Spray Test: After completing the installation of test areas indicated, test storefront system for water penetration according to AAMA 501.2 requirements.
- D. Repair or remove and replace Work that does not meet requirements or that is damaged by testing; replace to conform to specified requirements.

1.18 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust doors and hardware to provide tight fit at contact points and weather stripping, smooth operation, and weathertight closure.
- B. Remove excess sealant and glazing compounds, and dirt from surfaces.

1.19 PROTECTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer that ensure entrance and storefront systems are without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 08410

SECTION 08630 - METAL-FRAMED SKYLIGHTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Aluminum-framed skylights with retaining caps.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide metal-framed skylights capable of withstanding loads and thermal and structural movements indicated without failure. Failure includes the following:
 - 1. Deflection exceeding specified limits.
 - 2. Thermal stresses transferred to the building structure.
 - 3. Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movement, to glazing.
 - 4. Noise or vibration created by thermal and structural movement and wind.
 - 5. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
 - 6. Sealant failure.
- B. Deflection Limits: As follows:
 - 1. Deflection of the entire length of framing members in direction normal to glazing plane is limited to 1/180 of clear span or 3/4 inch, whichever is smaller, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Deflection of the entire length of framing members for spans exceeding 20 feet is limited to 1/240 of clear span.
 - 3. Deflection of framing members in a direction parallel to glazing plane, when carrying full dead load, is limited to an amount not exceeding that which reduces glazing bite below 75 percent of design dimension and that which reduces edge clearance between framing members and glazing or other fixed components to less than 1/8 inch.
- C. Lateral Support: Compression flanges of flexural members are laterally braced by cross members with minimum depths equal to 50 percent of flexural member depth and by anchors to the building structure. Glazing material does not provide lateral support.
- D. Structural Loads: Provide metal-framed skylights, including anchorage, capable of withstanding the effects of the following design loads when supporting full dead loads:
 - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated.

2. Roof Loads: As follows:
 - a. Concentrated Load: 250 lbf applied to framing members at location that produces the most severe stress or deflection.
 - b. Live Load: As indicated.
 - c. Rain Load: As indicated.

E. Structural Performance: Provide metal-framed skylights, including anchorage, capable of withstanding test pressure indicated without material and deflection failures and permanent deformation of structural members exceeding 0.2 percent of span when tested according to ASTM E 330.

1. Test Pressure: 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures.
2. Test Duration: As required by design wind velocity; fastest 1 mile of wind for relevant exposure category.

F. Thermal Movement: Provide metal-framed skylights that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, sealant failure, and other detrimental effects.

1. Temperature Change (Range): Local conditions.

G. Air Infiltration: Provide metal-framed skylights with maximum air leakage of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of surface when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

H. Water Penetration: Provide metal-framed skylights that do not evidence water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum differential static pressure of 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.

B. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions and profiles of components, and finishes for metal-framed skylights.

C. Shop Drawings: For metal-framed skylights. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work.

1. Include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

- D. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of sections of units showing the full range of colors available for factory-finished aluminum.
- E. Samples for Verification: For each exposed aluminum finish required, prepared on 12-inch- long sections of extrusions or formed shapes in same thickness and material indicated for the Work. If finishes involve normal color variations, include sample sets consisting of two or more units showing the full range of variations expected.
- F. Preconstruction Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance with requirements.
- G. Product Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating skylights comply with requirements, based on comprehensive testing of current products.
- H. Sealant Compatibility and Adhesion Test Reports: From sealant manufacturer indicating that materials forming joint substrates and joint sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with sealants; include sealant manufacturer's interpretation of test results for sealant performance and recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- I. Field Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance with requirements.
- J. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer to assume engineering responsibility who has specialized in installing metal-framed skylights similar to those indicated for this Project and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
 - 1. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for metal-framed skylights, including Shop Drawings, based on engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard skylights similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of skylights that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

D. Preconstruction Testing: As follows:

1. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform preconstruction testing indicated.
2. Preconstruction Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform preconstruction testing indicated.
3. Test metal-framed skylights for compliance with performance requirements according to specified test methods. Conduct tests using specimen representative of proposed materials and construction including perimeter components, corners, splice joints, sealants, and anchors according to AAMA 501 recommendations adapted to skylights.
4. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.

E. Preconstruction Sealant Compatibility and Adhesion Testing: Submit to sealant manufacturer, for testing indicated below, samples of materials that will contact or affect joint sealants.

1. Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint substrates.
 - a. Perform tests under environmental conditions replicating those that will exist during installation.
2. Submit not fewer than nine pieces of each type of material, including joint substrates, shims, joint sealant backings, secondary seals, and miscellaneous materials.
3. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
4. For materials failing tests, obtain sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures, including the use of specially formulated primers.

F. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."

G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Where metal-framed skylights are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating skylights without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Written warranty, executed by manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace components of metal-framed skylights that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Structural failures.
 2. Sealant failures.
 3. Failure of systems to meet performance requirements.
 4. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
 5. Water leakage; defined as uncontrolled water appearing on normally exposed interior surfaces of skylights from sources other than condensation. Water controlled by flashing and gutters and drained back to the exterior and that cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes is not water leakage.
 6. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Fisher Skylights, Inc.
 2. Super Sky Products, Inc.

1.8 FRAMING MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for use and finish indicated, and as follows:
 1. Extrusions: ASTM B 221.
 2. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
 3. Bars, Rods, and Wire: ASTM B 211.

- B. Brackets and Reinforcements: Provide manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum brackets and reinforcements. Provide nonstaining, nonferrous shims to install and align skylights.
- C. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing; compatible with adjacent materials.
- D. Exposed Flashing and Closures: Aluminum sheet.
 - 1. Minimum Thickness: 0.040 inch.
- E. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories; compatible with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Movement Joints: Provide slip-joint linings, spacers, and sleeves of material and type recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Aluminum-Retaining-Cap Fasteners: ASTM A 193/A 193M, Series 300 stainless-steel screws; type as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 3. Connections to Supporting Structure: ASTM A 307, zinc-coated steel fasteners.
 - 4. Anchor Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A, zinc-coated steel anchor bolts.
 - 5. Concrete or Masonry Inserts: Zinc-coated cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts; hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 123.
- F. Framing-System Gaskets and Joint Fillers: Manufacturer's standard permanent gaskets and joint fillers for sliding, compression, and nonmoving joints.
- G. Framing-System Sealants: Compatible with components with which sealants come in contact and recommended by skylight and sealant manufacturers for this use.

1.9 GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. Insulating Glass: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard pressure-glazing gaskets of elastomer type and hardness selected by skylight and gasket manufacturers to comply with requirements. Provide gasket assemblies that have corners sealed with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- C. Spacers, Edge Blocks, and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard permanent nonmigrating type of elastomer type and hardness selected to comply with requirements.
 - 1. For structural silicone glazing, provide bond-breaking spacer gaskets and bonding setting blocks compatible with silicone sealants.

- D. Structural Silicone Sealant: ASTM C 1184, compatible with components with which sealant comes in contact, formulated and tested for use as a structural sealant, and neutral curing.
1. Color: Black.
 2. Tensile Strength: 100 psi minimum.
 3. Provide sealant with modulus of elasticity that will not allow movement of more than 25 percent of joint width, unless less movement is required by skylight systems' design.
- E. Weatherseal Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone sealant recommended by skylight and sealant manufacturers for this use.
1. Sealant is capable of withstanding 50 percent movement in both extension and compression (total of 100 percent movement) when tested for adhesion and cohesion under maximum cyclic movement according to ASTM C 719.
 2. Sealant complies with ASTM C 920 for Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to substrates including other sealants with which it comes in contact, O.
 3. Color: Black.

1.10 FABRICATION

- A. Framing Components: As follows:
1. Fabricate components that, when assembled, will have accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
 2. Fabricate components to drain water passing joints and to drain condensation and moisture occurring or migrating within skylight system to the exterior.
 3. Fabricate components to accommodate expansion, contraction, and field adjustment, and to provide for minimum clearance and shimming at skylight perimeter.
 4. Fabricate components to ensure that glazing is thermally and physically isolated from framing members.
 5. Form shapes with sharp profiles, straight and free of defects or deformations, before finishing.
 6. Fit and assemble components to greatest extent practicable before finishing.
 7. Fit and secure joints with screw and spline, internal reinforcement, or welding.
 8. Reinforce members as required to retain fastener threads.
 9. Where fasteners are exposed to view from interior, countersink bolt or screw heads and finish to match framing.
 10. Weld components before finishing and in concealed locations to greatest extent practicable to minimize distortion.
 11. Before shipping, shop assemble, mark, and disassemble components that cannot be permanently shop assembled.

- B. Provide continuous aluminum curb with weatherproof expansion joints and locked and sealed or fully welded corners. Locate weep holes in the curb at each rafter connection to drain condensation.
- C. Prepare framing to receive anchor and connection devices and fasteners.
- D. Metal Protection: As follows:
 - 1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
 - 2. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
 - 3. Where aluminum will contact pressure-treated wood, separate dissimilar materials by methods recommended by manufacturer.
- E. Factory Glazing: As follows:
 - 1. Insulating Glass: Comply with requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
 - 2. Structural Silicone Sealant Glazing: Prepare surfaces that will contact sealant and install sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Preparation includes, but is not limited to, cleaning and priming. Mechanically fasten glazing in place until sealant cures. Clean excess sealant from surfaces before sealant cures. Do not transport units until sealant has cured.

1.11 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- C. Class I, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M10C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 607.1.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.12 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting skylight performance.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.13 PREPARATION

- A. Furnish anchor bolts and inserts for setting in concrete formwork or masonry indicated to support skylights.
- B. Metal Protection: As follows:
 - 1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
 - 2. Where aluminum will contact pressure-treated wood, separate dissimilar materials by methods recommended by manufacturer.

1.14 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for protecting, handling, and installing skylight components.
 - 1. Fit frame joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
 - 2. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
 - 3. Accommodate thermal and mechanical movements.
 - 4. Install framing components to drain water passing joints and to drain condensation and moisture occurring or migrating within skylight system to the exterior.
 - 5. Coordinate installation of insulation and flashings at skylight perimeters to maintain continuity of thermal and water barriers.
 - 6. Set continuous curbs and flashings in a full sealant bed, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- B. Erection Tolerances: Install skylight components true in plane, accurately aligned, and without warp or rack. Adjust framing to comply with the following tolerances:
 - 1. Variation from Plane: Limit variation from plane or location shown to 1/8 inch in 10 feet; 1/4 inch over total length.
 - 2. Alignment: Where surfaces abut in line and at corners and where surfaces are separated by less than 3 inches, limit offset from true alignment to less than 1/32 inch; otherwise, limit offset from true alignment to 1/8 inch.
- C. Field Glazing: As follows:
 - 1. Insulating Glass: Comply with requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
 - 2. Structural Silicone Sealant Glazing: Prepare surfaces that will contact sealant and install sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Preparation includes, but is not limited to, cleaning and priming. Mechanically fasten glazing in place until sealant cures. Clean excess sealant from surfaces before sealant cures.

- D. Install secondary-sealant weatherseal according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to provide weatherproof joints. Install joint fillers behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.

1.15 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field quality-control tests and to prepare test reports.
- B. Sealant Adhesion Tests: Test installed sealant in a minimum of two areas and as follows:
 - 1. Test structural silicone sealant according to field adhesion test method described in AAMA CW 13, "Structural Sealant Glazing Systems (A Design Guide)."
 - 2. Test weatherseal sealant as recommended in writing by sealant manufacturer.
- C. Water-Spray Test: Test skylights for compliance with requirements according to procedures in AAMA 501.2.
- D. Air Infiltration: Test skylights according to AAMA 503, which requires testing according to ASTM E 783.
 - 1. Static-Air-Pressure Differential: 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. minimum.
 - 2. Air Leakage: 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of surface maximum.
- E. Water Penetration: Test skylights for compliance with requirements according to AAMA 503, which requires testing according to ASTM E 1105.
 - 1. Uniform Static-Air-Pressure Difference: 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft..
- F. Repair or replace Work that does not meet requirements or that is damaged by testing; repair or replace to comply with specifications.

1.16 CLEANING

- A. Clean skylights inside and outside, immediately after installation and after sealants have cured, according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - 1. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable coatings from prefinished metal surfaces. Remove labels and markings from all components.
- B. Remove excess sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written recommendations.

END OF SECTION 08630

SECTION 08711 - DOOR HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Commercial door hardware as scheduled.
2. Furnish all items of hardware necessary to complete the work indicated. In the event hardware has not been indicated for an opening, provide hardware for any and all parts of the building where normally required in order to properly complete the work. The type and quality of additional hardware items required shall be comparable in every respect to items indicated for similar openings.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.

B. Sequence: Attention to lead times required for delivery of certain hardware items is required.

1. Extensions of time will not be contemplated because of failure in ordering hardware in a timely manner.
2. Allow adequate lead-time required for the University to produce a keying schedule. Coordinate the process with the PPD Facilities Department allowing sufficient time for timely completion by PPD.

C. Product Data: Include manufacturer's technical product data for each item of door hardware, installation details, material descriptions, maintenance of operating parts, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.

D. Shop Drawings: Details of electrified door hardware, indicating the following:

1. Wiring Diagrams: Detail wiring for power, signal, and control systems and differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring. Include the following:
 - a. System schematic.
 - b. Point-to-point wiring diagram.
 - c. Riser diagram.
 - d. Elevation of each door.

2. Detail interface between electrified door hardware and the building control system.
- E. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate the final Door Hardware Schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
1. Organize door hardware sets in same order as in the Door Hardware Schedule at the end of Part 3. Include the following information:
 - a. Type, style, function, size, and finish of each hardware item.
 - b. Name and manufacturer of each item.
 - c. Fasteners required.
 - d. Location of hardware set cross-referenced to indications on the Drawings both on floor plans and in the door and frame schedule.
 - e. Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, codes, etc. contained in the schedule.
 - f. Mounting locations.
 - g. Door and frame sizes and materials.
 - h. Keying information.
 - i. Description of each electrified door hardware function, including location, sequence of operation, and interface with other building control systems.
 - 1) Sequence of Operation: Include description of component functions that occur in the following situations: authorized person wants to enter; authorized person wants to exit; unauthorized person wants to enter; unauthorized person wants to exit.
- F. Templates: Furnish hardware templates to each fabricator of doors, frames, and other work to be factory-prepared for the installation of hardware.
- G. Keying Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key set to door designations.
- H. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, indicating current products comply with requirements.
- I. Certification: Provide a certificate executed by a representative of the manufacturer of the door closers that all closers have been inspected and adjusted, are operating as designed, and have been installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Include certificate with Operations and Maintenance Manuals.

- J. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1.
- K. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type and variety of door hardware from a single manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Supplier: A builder's hardware supplier who has been furnishing hardware for a period of not less than 2 years, and who is, or has in employment, an experienced hardware consultant.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with provisions of the following:
 - 1. All signage shall meet the requirements of the Florida Accessibility Code.
 - 2. Where required to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), "Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)," and ANSI A117.1, FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards," as follows:
 - a. Handles, Pulls, Latches, Locks, and other Operating Devices: Shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist.
 - b. Door Closers: Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements indicated:
 - 1) Interior Hinged Doors: 5 lbf applied perpendicular to door.
 - 2) Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf applied parallel to door at latch.
 - 3) Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - c. Thresholds: Not more than 1/2 inch in height. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2.
 - 3. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Provide door hardware for assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
 - 1. Test at door assemblies' atmospheric pressure.

2. Provide hardware for fire-rated openings in compliance with A.I.A. (NBFU) Pamphlet No. 80, NFPA Standards NO. 101, UBC 702 (1997) and UL10C. This requirement takes precedence over other requirements for such hardware. Provide only hardware that has been tested and listed by UL for the types and sizes of doors required, and complies with the requirements of the door and door frame labels.
 3. Where panic exit devices are required on fire-rated doors, provide supplementary marking on door UL label indicating Fire Door to be equipped with fire exit hardware and provide UL label on exit device indicating "Fire Exit Hardware".
- E. Keying Conference: The supplier shall meet with the PPD Facilities Department to finalize keying requirements and obtain final instructions in writing.
- F. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to electrified door hardware including, but not limited to, the following:

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final Door Hardware Schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Written warranty, executed by manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
 2. Faulty operation of operators and door hardware.
 3. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- C. Warranty Period for Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.6 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.7 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in the Door Hardware Schedule at the end of Part 3. Products are identified by using door hardware designations, as follows:
1. Named Manufacturer's Products: Product designation and manufacturer are listed for each door hardware type required for the purpose of establishing minimum requirements. Manufacturers' names are abbreviated in the Door Hardware Schedule.
 2. References to BHMA Standards: Provide products complying with these standards and requirements for description, quality, and function.

1.8 PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURERS

- A. General: The following is a listing of products, specified manufacturers, and other acceptable manufacturers.

PRODUCTS	SPECIFIED MANUFACTURER	OTHER ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS
Hinges	Stanley	Hager, McKinney
Exit Device	Von Duprin	Sargent
Closer	LCN	No Substitution
Cylinders	Russwin	Sargent
Power Transfer	Von Duprin	Locknetics
Power Supply	Von Duprin	Locknetics
Auto Closer	LCN	Sargent
Actuators	LCN	Locknetics
Locksets	Russwin	Sargent
Latchsets	Russwin	Sargent
Kick Plates	Rockwood	Ives, Glynn-Johnson
Flushbolts	Rockwood	Ives, Glynn-Johnson
O.H. Stops	Glynn-Johnson	ABH

Pull Plates/Push Plates	Rockwood	Ives, Glynn-Johnson
Stops		
Silencers		
Threshold	Pemko	

1.9 KEYING

- A. General: At the start of the Project, provide the PPD Facilities Department with the following:
 - 1. A Work Order that identifies the University's Project Manager, the building number and floor, and the customer's name and phone number.
 - 2. A set of contract documents with a hardware schedule that includes the University-assigned room and door numbers, the manufacturer of the locks, the manufacturer's lock number, the hand of the locks, the type of trim, and the lock finish.
- B. Keys: Deliver all keys to the UF PPD Key Shop. Include project name and BR number with shipment.
- C. Keying:
 - 1. Do not stamp cut number on keys.
 - 2. Factory stamp each key and blanks with the following notation:
 - a. Notation: PROPERTY OF UF – DO NOT DUPLICATE
 - 3. All locks shall be construction masterkeyed.
 - 4. All keying shall be done at the factory. All keys shall be tagged per door number at the factory.
 - 5. Furnish 4 keys per lock (K.D.). Bitting shall be by UF PPD Lock Shop.
 - 6. Furnish 10 each masterkeys per lockset.
 - 7. Furnish a total of 100 key blanks.
- D. Construction Cylinders and Keys: Provide all construction cylinders and keys required during construction.
 - 1. All construction keys shall be checked out from the UF PPD Key Shop and returned upon substantial completion. Failure to return all keys may result in the re-keying the entire project at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.10 FABRICATION

- A. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates generally prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws

according to commercially recognized industry standards for application intended. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.

1.11 FINISHES

- A. BHMA Designations and U.S. Finishes: Comply with base material and finish requirements indicated.
 - 1. Finish designations used are industry-recognized standard commercial finishes, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.12 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.13 PREPARATION

- A. Steel Doors and Frames: Comply with DHI A115 series.
 - 1. Surface-Applied Door Hardware: Drill and tap doors and frames according to SDI 107.
- B. Wood Doors: Comply with DHI A115-W series.

1.14 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated in following applicable publications, unless specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations:
 - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
 - 2. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."

- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 9 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.

1.15 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

1.16 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

1.17 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

- A. General: The following schedule shall not be considered entirely exclusive. Provide additional hardware, as required, for compliance with the Code, or authority having jurisdiction.

1. Hardware Group No.1: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
2 Each	Exit Device	CD3547L	US26D
2 Each	Door Closer	2031	AL
4 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
Remainder of Hardware by Aluminum Storefront supplier			

2. Hardware Group No.2: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
1 Each	Exit Device	CD35L	US26D
1 Each	Door Closer	2031	AL
2 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
Remainder of Hardware by Aluminum Storefront supplier			

3. Hardware Group No.3: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
1 Each	Exit Device	EL35L	US26D
1 Each	Cylinder	1000 Series	US26D
1 Each	Power Transfer	EPT 1024	US32D
1 Each	Power Supply	PS873-2	Gray
1 Each	Auto Closer	4622	AL
1 Each	Actuator	956	US32D
1 Each	Actuator	957 Exterior	US32D
1 Each	Wiring Diagram	---	---
1ea	Threshold	896V - LAR	AL

Remainder of hardware by aluminum storefront supplier. Exterior Actuator may vary with security requirements; possible key switch activation - To be reviewed.

4. Hardware Group No.4: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2057 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

5. Hardware Group No.5: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2055 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

6. Hardware Group No.6: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5 NRP	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2257 x NSM	US26D
1 Pair	Flushbolts	555	US26D
2 Each	Kickplate	8 x 34	US32D
1 Each	Stop	440	US32D
2 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

7. Hardware Group No.7: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1168 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2055 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

8. Hardware Group No.8: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2030 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

9. Hardware Group No.9: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Latchset	ML2010 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

10. Hardware Group No.10: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
2 Each	Exit Device	CD9927L	US26D
2 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
4 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

11. Hardware Group No.11: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
2 Each	Exit Device	9927L-F	US26D
2 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
2 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
2 Each	Stop	440	US32D
2 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

12. Hardware Group No.12: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5 NRP	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2257 x NSM	US26D
1 Pair	Flushbolts	555	US26D
2 Each	Kickplate	8 x 34	US32D
2 Each	O.H. Stop	GJ904S	US32D
2 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

13. Hardware Group No.13: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5 NRP	US26D
1 Each	Exit Device	99L-F	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
1 Each	Kickplate	8 x 34	US32D
1 Each	Stop	440	US32D
1 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

14. Hardware Group No.14: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Pull Plate	125 x 70C	US32D
1 Each	Push Plate	70C	US32D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Kickplate	8 x 34	US32D
1 Each	Stop	440	US32D
1 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

15. Hardware Group No.15: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2055 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

16. Hardware Group No.16: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
2 Each	Exit Device	EL3457L	US26D
2 Each	Cylinder	1000 Series	US26D
2 Each	Power Transfer	EPT 1024	US32D
1 Each	Power Supply	PS873-2	Gray
2 Each	Auto Closer	4622	AL
1 Each	Actuator	956	US32D
1 Each	Actuator	957 Exterior	US32D
1 Each	Wiring Diagram	---	---

Remainder of hardware by aluminum storefront supplier. Exterior Actuator may vary with security requirements; possible key switch activation - To be reviewed.

17. Hardware Group No.17: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Exit Device	99L-F BE	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
1 Each	Stop	409	US32D
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

18. Hardware Group No.18: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
2 Each	Exit Device	9927L x RG27	US26D
2 Each	Closer	4041 x SNB	AL
2 Each	Cylinders	1000 Series	US26D
2 Each	Stop	440	US32D
2 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

19. Hardware Group No.19: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
6 Each	Hinges	BB1279 4.5 x 4.5 NRP	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2055 x NSM	US26D
1 Pair	Flushbolts	557	US26D
2 Each	Closers	4041 Cush x SNB	AL
2 Each	Stop	440	US32D
2 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

20. Hardware Group No.20: Provide the following:

Quantity	Description	Model Number	Finish
3 Each	Hinges	BB1168 4.5 x 4.5	US26D
1 Each	Lockset	ML2057 x NSM	US26D
1 Each	Closer	4041 Cush x SNB	AL
3 Each	Silencers	608	Gray

END OF SECTION 08711

SECTION 08716 - POWER DOOR OPERATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. ADA compliant automatic door openers; power door operators for swinging doors.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.

B. Product Data: For each door operator type required. Include manufacturer's standard details, fabrication methods, and published recommendations for each component of the door operating system required, and the following:

1. Roughing-in diagrams.
2. Certified performance reports.
3. Installation instructions.
4. Parts lists.

C. Wiring Diagrams: Detail wiring for power operator, signal, and control systems and differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.

D. Maintenance Data: For power door operators to include in the maintenance manuals specified in Division 1.

E. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who is an authorized representative of the product manufacturer for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.

1. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than 2 hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Engage a firm experienced in manufacturing operators similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. BHMA Standard: Provide power door operators that comply with applicable requirements of BHMA A156.19, "Power Assist and Low Energy Power Operated Doors."
- D. UL Standard: Provide power door operators that comply with UL 325.
- E. Fire-Rated Doors and Emergency-Exit Openings: Provide door operators that comply with NFPA 80 requirements for doors as emergency exits and that do not interfere with fire ratings.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: The special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive the Owner of other rights the Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by the Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Submit a written warranty, executed by the manufacturer, agreeing to repair or replace components of the power door operator system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Faulty operation of operator or controls.
 2. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- C. Warranty Period: 3 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.5 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering power door operators that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Electromechanical Operators for Swinging Doors:
 - a. Besam, Inc.
 - b. EFCO Corp.
 - c. Gyro-Tech, Inc.

- d. Horton Automatics.
- e. LCN Closers.
- f. Stanley Access Technologies.

1.6 GENERAL DOOR OPERATOR REQUIREMENTS

- A. Capacity: Provide operators of size recommended by manufacturer for door size, weight, and movement; for condition of exposure; and for long-term, maintenance-free operation under normal traffic load for type of occupancy indicated.
- B. Hinge Operation: For swinging doors, refer to Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" to determine the type of hinge action to accommodate door operator action.
- C. Exposed Housing: Minimum 0.062-inch- thick, extruded- or formed-aluminum cover with provisions for maintenance access. Provide with fasteners concealed when door is in closed position. Finish to match doors and frames.
- D. Exposed Housing for Operators: Minimum 0.0598-inch- thick, formed steel sheet cover with provisions for maintenance access. Provide with fasteners concealed when door is in closed position. Provide in manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish for field painting.
- E. Adjustment Features: Operators shall be fully adjustable. Provide adjustment for opening, closing, and checking speeds, as well as length of time door remains open.

1.7 SWINGING DOOR OPERATORS

- A. Electromechanical Operators for Swinging Doors: Manufacturer's standard electromechanical unit with doors power opened and spring closed, with closing speed controlled mechanically by gear train and dynamically by braking action of electric motor, and with easy manual operation including spring closing with power off. Provide operator action as indicated and mounting as follows:
 - 1. Operator Mounting Type: Surface-mounted overhead operator.
 - 2. Power-Assisted and Low-Energy Operators: Provide power-assisted and low-energy operators meeting requirements of BHMA A156.19 and ADA's "Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)," Appendix B, Article 4.13.12, "Automatic Doors and Power-Assisted Doors."
 - 3. Power-Assisted Closing: Provide power-assisted spring closing for overcoming wind and static pressures.

1.8 OPERATOR CONTROL SYSTEMS

- A. Microwave-Scanner, Motion-Detecting Control System: Self-contained, motion-detecting control system consisting of a microwave-scanner sensing device to activate door operator and horizontal photoelectric beam across door opening to prevent door

from closing until door is clear of traffic. Sensing device shall be adjustable to provide detection patterns and sensitivity equivalent to those required for mats. Provide housing for sensing device with finish matching finish of doors and frames.

1. Install scanners on both interior and exterior sides of each automatic-sliding entrance door as indicated.
 2. Install scanners on approach side of each automatic-sliding entrance door as indicated.
- B. Control Pad: Manufacturer's standard, wall-mounted, door-control switch plate for operation by touch of elbow by occupants familiar with door operating system.

1.9 GUIDE RAILS

- A. General: Provide anodized-aluminum bar-stock guide rails of same length as floor mats for freestanding floor mounting as indicated.
1. Equip rails with filler panels of expanded aluminum mesh for maximum control of traffic on and off floor-mat control panels.
 2. Equip rails with filler panels of polycarbonate plastic in clear or color to match Architect's sample.
 3. Equip rails with filler panels of polycarbonate plastic in clear or color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's choices.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.10 PREPARATION

- A. Templates and Diagrams: Furnish templates, diagrams, and other data to fabricators and installers of related work as necessary for coordinating power door operator installation.

1.11 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install complete power door operator system according to manufacturer's written instructions, including controls, control wiring, and remote power units.
1. Refer to Division 16 Sections for power connection.
- B. Set tracks, header assemblies, operating brackets, rails, and guides level and true to location with adequate anchorage for permanent support.

1.12 ADJUSTING

- A. After repeated operation of completed installation equivalent to 3 days' use by normal traffic (100 to 300 cycles), readjust door operators and controls for optimum operating condition, safety, and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware, operating equipment, and other moving parts.

END OF SECTION 08716

SECTION 08800 - GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
 - 1. Windows.
 - 2. Doors.
 - 3. Glazed entrances.
 - 4. Interior borrowed lites.
 - 5. Storefront framing.
 - 6. Skylights.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Manufacturer: A firm that produces primary glass or fabricated glass as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.
- C. Deterioration of Laminated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
- D. Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of the hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, and installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.

- B. Glass Design: Glass thickness indicated is minimums and is for detailing only. Confirm glass thickness by analyzing Project loads and in-service conditions. Provide glass lites for various size openings in nominal thickness indicated, but not less than thickness and in strengths (annealed or heat treated) required to meet or exceed the following criteria:
1. Glass Thickness: Select minimum glass thickness to comply with ASTM E 1300, according to the following requirements:
 - a. Specified Design Wind Loads: As indicated.
 - b. Probability of Breakage for Vertical Glazing: 1 lite per 1000 for lites set vertically or not more than 15 degrees off vertical and under wind action.
 - 1) Load Duration: 60 seconds or less.
 - c. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For the following types of glass supported on all four edges, provide thickness required that limits center deflection at design wind pressure to 1/50 times the short side length or 3/4 inch, whichever is less.
 - 1) For monolithic-glass lites heat treated to resist wind loads.
 - 2) For insulating glass.
 - 3) For laminated-glass lites.
 - d. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: Not less than 6 mm.
 - e. Thickness of Tinted and Heat-Absorbing Glass: Provide the same thickness for each tint color indicated throughout Project.
- C. Thermal Movements: Provide glazing that allows for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members and glazing components. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
1. Temperature Change (Range): Local conditions.
- D. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified based on manufacturer's published test data, as determined according to procedures indicated below:
1. For monolithic-glass lites, properties are based on units with lites 6 mm thick.
 2. For laminated-glass lites, properties are based on products of construction indicated.
 3. For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units with lites 6 mm thick and a nominal 1/2-inch- wide interspace.
 4. Center-of-Glass U-Values: NFRC 100 methodology using LBL-35298 WINDOW 4.1 computer program, expressed as Btu/ sq. ft. x h x deg F.

5. Center-of-Glass Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: NFRC 200 methodology using LBL-35298 WINDOW 4.1 computer program.
6. Solar Optical Properties: NFRC 300.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.
- C. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass and of 12-inch- long Samples for sealants. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system.
- D. Samples: For the following products, in the form of 12-inch- square Samples for glass.
 1. Each color of tinted float glass.
 2. Each type of laminated glass with colored interlayer.
 3. Insulating glass for each designation indicated.
- E. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thickness for each size opening and location.
- F. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
- G. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- H. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: From glazing sealant manufacturer indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.
- I. Product Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating the following products comply with requirements, based on comprehensive testing of current products:
 1. Tinted float glass.
 2. Insulating glass.

3. Glazing sealants.
4. Glazing gaskets.

- J. SWRI Validation Certificate: For each elastomeric glazing sealant specified to be validated by SWRI's Sealant Validation Program.
- K. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.
- L. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance; and who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association Glazier Certification Program as Level 2 (Senior Glaziers) or Level 3 (Master Glaziers).
- B. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. Source Limitations for Clear Glass: Obtain clear float glass from one primary-glass manufacturer.
- D. Source Limitations for Tinted Glass: Obtain tinted, heat-absorbing, and light-reducing float glass from one primary-glass manufacturer for each tint color indicated.
- E. Source Limitations for Laminated Glass: Obtain laminated-glass units from one manufacturer using the same type of glass lites and interlayers for each type of unit indicated.
- F. Source Limitations for Insulating Glass: Obtain insulating-glass units from one manufacturer using the same type of glass and other components for each type of unit indicated.
- G. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories from one source for each product and installation method indicated.
- H. Glass Product Testing: Obtain glass test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing glass products.
 1. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

2. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency accredited according to the NFRC CAP 1 Certification Agency Program.
- I. Elastomeric Glazing Sealant Product Testing: Obtain sealant test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 36-month period.
 1. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
 2. Test elastomeric glazing sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.
 3. Test elastomeric glazing sealants according to SWRI's Sealant Validation Program for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920 for adhesion and cohesion under cyclic movement, adhesion-in-peel, and indentation hardness.
- J. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Submit to elastomeric glazing sealant manufacturers, for testing indicated below, samples of each glass type, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glass-framing member that will contact or affect elastomeric glazing sealants.
 1. Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether priming and other specific preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of glazing sealants to glass, tape sealants, gaskets, and glazing channel substrates.
 - a. Perform tests under normal environmental conditions replicating those that will exist during installation.
 2. Submit not fewer than nine pieces of each type and finish of glass-framing members and each type, class, kind, condition, and form of glass (monolithic, laminated, and insulating units) as well as one sample of each glazing accessory (gaskets, tape sealants, setting blocks, and spacers).
 3. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
 4. For materials failing tests, obtain sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures, including the use of specially formulated primers.
 5. Testing will not be required if elastomeric glazing sealant manufacturers submit data based on previous testing of current sealant products for adhesion to, and compatibility with, glazing materials matching those submitted.
- K. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 252.
- L. Fire-Rated Window Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257.

- M. Safety Glass: Category II materials complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 and ANSI Z97.1.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, permanently mark safety glass with certification label of Safety Glazing Certification Council or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- N. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
 - 1. GANA Publications: GANA'S "Glazing Manual" and "Laminated Glass Design Guide."
- O. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following inspecting and testing agency:
 - 1. Insulating Glass Certification Council.
 - 2. Associated Laboratories, Inc.
 - 3. National Accreditation and Management Institute.
- P. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
- B. For insulating-glass units that will be exposed to substantial altitude changes, comply with insulating-glass manufacturer's written recommendations for venting and sealing to avoid hermetic seal ruptures.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
 - 1. Do not install liquid glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Coated-Glass Products: Written warranty, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass manufacturer agreeing to furnish replacements for those coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Written warranty, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass manufacturer agreeing to furnish replacements for insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.9 PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products indicated in schedules at the end of Part 3.

1.10 PRIMARY FLOAT GLASS

- A. Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent glass, flat), Quality q3 (glazing select); class as indicated in schedules at the end of Part 3.

1.11 HEAT-TREATED FLOAT GLASS

- A. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Fabrication Process: By vertical (tong-held) or horizontal (roller-hearth) process, at manufacturer's option, except provide horizontal process where indicated as tongless or free of tong marks.
- C. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I (transparent glass, flat); Quality q3 (glazing select); class, kind, and condition as indicated in schedules at the end of Part 3.

1.12 WIRED GLASS

- A. Wired Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type II (patterned and wired glass, flat), Class 1 (clear), Quality q8 (glazing); 6.4 mm thick; of form and mesh pattern indicated below:
 - 1. Polished Wired Glass: Form 1 (wired, polished both sides), and as follows:
 - a. Mesh m1 (diamond).
 - 2. Patterned Wired Glass: Form 2 (patterned and wired), Mesh m1 (diamond).

1.13 INSULATING GLASS

- A. Insulating-Glass Units: Preassembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units and with requirements specified in this Article and in the Insulating-Glass Schedule at the end of Part 3.
 - 1. Provide Kind HS (heat-strengthened) float glass in place of annealed glass where needed to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading of individual glass lites and to comply with glass design requirements specified in "Performance Requirements" Article. Provide Kind FT (fully tempered) where safety glass is indicated.
- B. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: Dimensions indicated in the Insulating-Glass Schedule at the end of Part 3 are nominal and the overall thickness of units are measured perpendicularly from outer surfaces of glass lites at unit's edge.
- C. Sealing System: Dual seal, with primary and secondary sealants as follows:
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard sealants.
- D. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Aluminum with powdered metal paint finish in color selected by Architect.
 - 2. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or blend of both.
 - 3. Corner Construction: Manufacturer's standard corner construction.

1.14 ELASTOMERIC GLAZING SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide products of type indicated, complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Compatibility: Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of

- service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
 3. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: Match Architect's samples.
 4. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As indicated by manufacturer's designations.
 5. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for this characteristic.
- B. Elastomeric Glazing Sealant Standard: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied, chemically curing sealant in the Glazing Sealant Schedule at the end of Part 3, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses.
1. Additional Movement Capability: Where additional movement capability is specified in the Glazing Sealant Schedule, provide products with the capability, when tested for adhesion and cohesion under maximum cyclic movement per ASTM C 719, to withstand the specified percentage change in the joint width existing at time of installation and remain in compliance with other requirements in ASTM C 920 for uses indicated.
- C. Glazing Sealant for Fire-Resistive Glazing Products: Identical to product used in test assembly to obtain fire-protection rating.

1.15 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
- D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

- F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.
- G. Perimeter Insulation for Fire-Resistive Glazing: Identical to product used in test assembly to obtain fire-resistance rating.

1.16 FABRICATION OF GLASS AND OTHER GLAZING PRODUCTS

- A. Fabricate glass and other glazing products in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing standard, to comply with system performance requirements.
- B. Clean-cut or flat-grind vertical edges of butt-glazed monolithic lites in a manner that produces square edges with slight kerfs at junctions with indoor and outdoor faces.
- C. Grind smooth and polish exposed glass edges.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.17 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine framing glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
 - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
 - 2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
 - 3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
 - 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.18 PREPARATION

- A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

1.19 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

- B. Glazing channel dimensions, as indicated on Drawings, provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thickness, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by Project conditions during installation.
- C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.
- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.
- E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- G. Provide spacers for glass lites where the length plus width is larger than 50 inches as follows:
 - 1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
 - 2. Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- I. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

1.20 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

- A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
- B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

1.21 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove them immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for build-up of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- D. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged in any way, including natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.
- E. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended by glass manufacturer.

1.22 GLASS SCHEDULE

- A. Glazing: Refer to the Window Schedule.
 - 1. Insulated glass units; performance specifications based on Viracon VE7-2M. Shading coefficient = .32, Winter U = .29, Summer U = .30, Visible Transmittance = .55

- B. Skylight Glazing: Performance specifications based on Viracon VE7-2M with additional azurlite and laminated glass layers. Shading coefficient = .27, Winter U = .29, Summer U = .30, Visible Transmittance = .40
- C. Interior Glass: ¼" Interior Tempered glazing.

END OF SECTION 08800

SECTION 08911 - GLAZED ALUMINUM CURTAIN WALLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes conventionally glazed aluminum curtain walls.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems, including anchorage, capable of withstanding, without failure, the effects of the following:
1. Structural loads.
 2. Movements of supporting structure indicated on Drawings including, but not limited to, story drift, twist, column shortening, long-term creep, and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
 3. Dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.
 4. Failure includes the following:
 - a. Deflection exceeding specified limits.
 - b. Thermal stresses transferred to building structure.
 - c. Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movements, to glazing.
 - d. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
 - e. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
 - f. Sealant failure.
- B. Structural Loads:
1. Wind Loads: As indicated.
- C. Structural-Test Performance: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems, including anchorage, capable of withstanding test pressure indicated without material and deflection failures and permanent deformation of structural members exceeding 0.2 percent of span when tested according to ASTM E 330.
1. Submit reports of tests performed on manufacturer's standard assemblies.
 2. Test Pressure: 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures.
 3. Test Duration: As required by design wind velocity but not less than 10 seconds.
- D. Deflection of Framing Members:
1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to 1/175 of clear span or 3/4 inch, whichever is smaller.

- E. Thermal Movements: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 degrees F, ambient; 180 degrees F, material surfaces.
 - 2. Test Performance: No buckling, stress on glass, glazing-edge seal failure, sealant failure, excess stress on curtain-wall framing, anchors and fasteners, or reduction of performance when tested according to AAMA 501.5.
 - a. Test Ambient Temperature Range: Local conditions.
- F. Air Infiltration: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems with maximum air leakage of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft..
- G. Water Penetration Under Static Pressure: Provide aluminum glazed curtain-wall systems that do not evidence water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum differential static pressure of 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 10 lbf/sq. ft.
- H. Water Penetration Under Dynamic Pressure: Provide glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that do not evidence water leakage when tested according to AAMA 501.1 under dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of positive design wind load, but not less than 10 lbf/sq. ft.
 - 1. Maximum Water Leakage: According to AAMA 501.1 No uncontrolled water penetrating systems or appearing on systems' normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation. Water controlled by flashing and gutters that is drained to exterior and cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes is not considered water leakage.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Prepared by or under the supervision of a qualified professional engineer detailing fabrication and assembly of glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems.
 - 1. Include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied color finishes.

- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.
- E. Welding certificates.
- F. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- G. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems.
- H. Preconstruction Test Reports: For glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems.
- I. Field quality-control test reports.
- J. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.
- K. Products - Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Capable of assuming engineering responsibility and performing Work of this Section and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
 - 1. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems including the following:
 - a. Shop Drawings based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
 - b. Shop Drawings, preconstruction-testing program development, and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM E 699 for testing indicated.
- C. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for systems' aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-service performance.
 - 1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

- D. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to test glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods. Provide test specimens and assemblies representative of proposed materials and construction.
 - 1. Select sizes and configurations of assemblies to adequately demonstrate capability of glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems to comply with performance requirements and according to AAMA 501 recommendations.
 - 2. Notify Architect seven days in advance of the dates and times when assemblies will be constructed.
- E. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."
- F. Mockups: Build mockups to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
 - 1. Build mockup of typical wall area as shown on Drawings.
 - 2. Field testing shall be performed on mockups according to requirements in Part 3 "Field Quality Control" Article.
- G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Review structural load limitations.
 - 2. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - 3. Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of structural supports for glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.
 - 1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Assembly Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems that do not comply with requirements or that deteriorate as defined in this Section within specified warranty period.
1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
 - b. Noise or vibration caused by thermal movements.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
 - d. Water leakage.
 - e. Failure of operating components to function normally.
 2. Warranty Period: Five 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Finish Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components on which finishes fail within specified warranty period. Warranty does not include normal weathering.
1. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Curtainwall - Model and Manufacturer - Basis-of-Design: 1600 Wall System 4, Thermal Break System; Kawneer Company, Inc.
- B. Operable Windows – Model and Manufacturer - Basis-of-Design: Series 8225-T Projected; Kawneer Company, Inc.

1.8 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
 2. Extruded Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
 3. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.
 4. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: AWS A5.10/A5.10M.

- B. Steel Reinforcement: With manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00 applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.
 - 1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - 2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 611.
 - 3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 570/A 570M.
- C. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.
- D. Fasteners and Accessories: All fasteners shall be concealed. Provide corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Where fasteners are subject to loosening or turn out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration, use self-locking devices.
 - 2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
 - 3. Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads.
 - 4. At movement joints, use slip-joint linings, spacers, and sleeves of material and type recommended by manufacturer.
- E. Anchors: Three-way adjustable anchors that accommodate fabrication and installation tolerances in material and finish compatible with adjoining materials and recommended by manufacturer.
 - 1. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M requirements.
- F. Concealed Flashing: Dead-soft, 0.018-inch- thick stainless steel, ASTM A 240/A 240M of type recommended by manufacturer.
- G. Framing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

1.9 GLAZING SYSTEMS

- A. Glazing: As specified in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer for joint type.

1.10 FABRICATION

- A. Form aluminum shapes before finishing.
- B. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
 - 1. Sharp profiles, straight and free of defects or deformations.
 - 2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
 - 3. Internal guttering systems or other means to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
 - 4. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
 - 5. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to prevent glazing-to-glazing contact and to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
 - 6. Provisions for reglazing from exterior.
- C. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.

1.11 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- C. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 1. Color: Custom as selected by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

1.12 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1.13 INSTALLATION

A. General:

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Do not install damaged components.
3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
4. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
6. Weld components in concealed locations to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Protect glazing surfaces from welding.
7. Seal joints watertight, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Metal Protection:

1. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape or installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
2. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.

C. Install components to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.

D. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.

E. Install operable units level and plumb, securely anchored, and without distortion. Adjust weather-stripping contact and hardware movement to produce proper operation.

F. Install glazing as specified Division 8 Section "Glazing."

G. Install sealants as specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

H. Install insulation materials as specified in Division 7 Section "Building Insulation."

I. Install perimeter fire-containment systems (safing insulation).

J. Erection Tolerances: Install glazed aluminum curtain-wall systems to comply with the following maximum tolerances:

1. Plumb: 1/8 inch in 10 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.
2. Level: 1/8 inch in 20 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.

3. Alignment:
 - a. Where surfaces abut in line or are separated by reveal or protruding element up to 1/2 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch.
 - b. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element from 1/2 to 1 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/8 inch.
 - c. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element of 1 inch wide or greater, limit offset from true alignment to 1/4 inch.
4. Location: Limit variation from plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/2 inch over total length.

1.14 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Testing Services: Testing and inspecting of representative areas to determine compliance of installed system with specified requirements.
 1. Water Penetration: Areas shall be tested according to ASTM E 1105.
- C. Repair or remove work where test results and inspections indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.
- D. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 08911