# **SECTION 09253 - GYPSUM SHEATHING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes gypsum sheathing attached to steel framing members of exterior walls.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gypsum Board Construction Terminology Standard: Refer to ASTM C 11 and GA-505 for definitions of terms for gypsum sheathing board construction not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each product specified.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each gypsum sheathing product through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Where gypsum sheathing boards are part of fireresistance-rated assemblies, provide assemblies as follows:
  - Assemblies comply with requirements of fire-response-tested assemblies indicated by GA File Numbers in GA-600, "Fire Resistance Design Manual"; or by design designations in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or in certification listings of another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Fire-resistance ratings were determined by fire-response testing assemblies according to ASTM E 119.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, or bundles, each bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer.
- B. Store materials protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, or other causes. Neatly stack gypsum sheathing board flat on leveled supports off the ground, under cover, and fully protected from weather.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.6 GYPSUM SHEATHING BOARD
  - A. Paper-Surfaced Gypsum Sheathing Board: ASTM C 79/C 79M, with water-resistant material incorporated into core and with water-repellent paper bonded to core's face, back, and long edges.
    - 1. Type and Thickness: Type X, 5/8 inch thick, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 1.7 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Weather Barrier: Self-Adhering, Polymer-Modified, Bituminous Sheet Underlayment: ASTM D 1970, minimum of 40 mils thick. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer: Perm-A-Barrier System 4000; W.R. Grace & Co.
    - a. Thickness: 40 mils nominal.
    - b. Surface Conditioner: Perm-A-Barrier Surface Conditioner
  - 2. Other Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products manufactured by one of the following:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation.
    - b. Nord Bitumi US, Inc.
    - c. Polyguard Products, Inc.
- B. Fasteners: Steel drill screws, in length recommended by sheathing manufacturer for thickness of sheathing board to be attached, with organic-polymer or other corrosion-protective coating having a salt-spray resistance of more than 800 hours according to ASTM B 117.

#### 1.8 SHEATHING JOINT-AND-PENETRATION TREATMENT MATERIALS

A. Paper-Surfaced Gypsum Sheathing Board: Elastomeric, medium-modulus, neutralcuring silicone joint sealant compatible with joint substrates formed by gypsum sheathing and other materials, recommended by sheathing manufacturer for application indicated, and complying with requirements for elastomeric sealants specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.9 INSTALLATION
  - A. General: Install gypsum sheathing to comply with GA-253 and manufacturer's written instructions.
    - 1. Cut boards at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of the work; fit tightly against abutting construction, except provide a 3/8-inch setback where non-load-bearing construction abuts structural elements.
    - 2. Coordinate sheathing installation with flashing and joint sealant installation so these materials are installed in the sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed exterior wall assembly.
    - 3. Apply fasteners so screw heads bear tightly against face of sheathing boards but do not cut into facing.
    - 4. Do not bridge building expansion joints with sheathing; cut and space edges to match spacing of structural support elements.

#### 1.10 WEATHER-RESISTANT BARRIER INSTALLATION

- A. Weather Barrier Application: Cover sheathing with weather barrier in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
  - 1. Prime surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Cut back barrier 1/2 inch on each side of the break in supporting members at expansion- or control-joint locations.
  - 3. Apply barrier to cover vertical flashing with a minimum 4-inch overlap, unless otherwise indicated.
- 1.11 SHEATHING JOINT-AND-PENETRATION TREATMENT
  - A. Seal sheathing joints according to sheathing manufacturer's written recommendations.
    - 1. Apply elastomeric sealant on joints and fasteners and trowel flat. Apply sufficient quantity of sealant to completely cover joints and fasteners after troweling. Seal other penetrations and openings.

END OF SECTION 09253

# SECTION 09260 - GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

## PARAT 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Interior gypsum wallboard.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gypsum Board Terminology: Refer to ASTM C 11 for definitions of terms for gypsum board assemblies not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- C. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For gypsum board assemblies with fire-resistance ratings, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: As indicated.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, or bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.

B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack gypsum panels flat to prevent sagging.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Steel Framing and Furring:
    - a. Dale Industries, Inc. Dale/Incor.
    - b. Dietrich Industries, Inc.
    - c. Unimast, Inc.
  - 2. Gypsum Board and Related Products:
    - a. G-P Gypsum Corp.
    - b. National Gypsum Company.
    - c. United States Gypsum Co.

#### 1.8 STEEL SUSPENDED CEILING AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Components, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
- B. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inchdiameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- diameter wire.
- C. Hangers: As follows:
  - 1. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.162inch diameter.
- D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base metal thickness of 0.0538 inch, a minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange, with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.

- E. Furring Channels (Furring Members): Commercial-steel sheet with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized.
  - 1. Cold Rolled Channels: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inchwide flange, 3/4 inch deep.
  - 2. Steel Studs: ASTM C 645.
  - 3. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch deep.
- F. Grid Suspension System for Interior Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Furring Systems/Drywall.
    - b. Chicago Metallic Corporation; Drywall Furring System.
    - c. USG Interiors, Inc.; Drywall Suspension System.

#### 1.9 STEEL PARTITION AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Components, General: As follows:
  - 1. Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
- B. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
- C. Deep-Leg Deflection Track: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- deep flanges.
- D. Proprietary Deflection Track Contractor's Option: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of gypsum board applied to interior partitions resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
  - 1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Delta Star, Inc., Superior Metal Trim; Superior Flex Track System (SFT).
    - b. Metal-Lite, Inc.; Slotted Track.
- E. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange.
  - 1. Clip Angle: 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inch, 0.068-inch- thick, galvanized steel.
- F. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.

- G. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange.
  - 1. Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum bare steel thickness of 0.0312 inch.
  - 2. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inchdiameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- diameter wire.
- H. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

#### 1.10 INTERIOR GYPSUM WALLBOARD

- A. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C 36.
  - 1. Type X:
    - a. Thickness: As indicated.
- C. High Abuse Gypboard: ASTM C 36, manufactured to produce greater resistance to surface indentation and through-penetration than standard gypsum panels.
  - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Hi-Abuse Wallboard.
    - b. United States Gypsum Co.; SHEETROCK Brand Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Panels.
  - 2. Thickness: As indicated.
  - 3. Long Edges: Tapered.

#### 1.11 TILE BACKING PANELS AND MOISTURE RESISTANT (MR) BOARD

- A. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Tile Backer and Moisture Resistant (MR) Board: Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Board: ASTM C 1178/C 1178M.
  - 1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "Dens-Shield Tile Backer" manufactured by G-P Gypsum Corp.
  - 2. Thickness: As indicated.

- 1.12 TRIM ACCESSORIES
  - A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
    - 1. Material: Paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
- 1.13 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS
  - A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475.
  - B. Joint Tape:
    - 1. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
    - 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
  - C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by manufacturer.

#### 1.14 ACOUSTICAL SEALANT

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
  - 1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints:
    - a. Pecora Corp.; AC-20 FTR Acoustical and Insulation Sealant.
    - b. United States Gypsum Co.; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.

#### 1.15 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.
- C. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
- D. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls:
  - 1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.

E. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Division 7 Section "Building Insulation."

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 1.16 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollowmetal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 1.17 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Ceilings: Coordinate installation of ceiling suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive ceiling hangers at spacing required to support ceilings and that hangers will develop their full strength.
- 1.18 INSTALLING STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL
  - A. Installation Standards: ASTM C 754, and ASTM C 840 requirements that apply to framing installation.
  - B. Install supplementary framing, blocking, and bracing at terminations in gypsum board assemblies to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction. Comply with details indicated and with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations or, if none available, with United States Gypsum's "Gypsum Construction Handbook."
  - C. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with steel framing or furring members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

#### 1.19 INSTALLING STEEL SUSPENDED CEILING AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Suspend ceiling hangers from building structure as follows:
  - Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or ceiling suspension system. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

- 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with the location of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards.
- 3. Secure wire hangers by looping and wire-tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eyescrews, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 4. Secure hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eyescrews, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 5. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
- 6. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 7. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- B. Installation Tolerances: Install steel framing components for suspended ceilings so members for panel attachment are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feetmeasured lengthwise on each member and transversely between parallel members.
- C. Install suspended steel framing components in sizes and spacings indicated, but not less than that required by the referenced steel framing and installation standards.
- D. Grid Suspension System: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension system meets vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.

#### 1.20 INSTALLING STEEL PARTITION AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. General: Install tracks (runners) at floors, ceilings, and structural walls and columns where gypsum board assemblies abut other construction.
- B. Installation Tolerance: Install each steel framing and furring member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by the faces of adjacent framing.
- C. Extend partition framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing over frames for doors and openings and frame around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling to provide support for gypsum board.
  - 1. Cut studs 1/2 inch short of full height to provide perimeter relief.
- D. Install steel studs so flanges point in the same direction and leading edge or end of each panel can be attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.

- E. Frame door openings to comply with GA-600 and with gypsum board manufacturer's applicable written recommendations, unless otherwise indicated. Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
  - 1. Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint.
  - 3. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of floor or roof structure above.
- F. Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
- 1.21 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL
  - A. Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standards: ASTM C 840 and GA-216.
  - B. Install ceiling board panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in the central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
  - C. Install gypsum panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
  - D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
  - E. Attach gypsum panels to steel studs so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
  - F. Attach gypsum panels to framing provided at openings and cutouts.
  - G. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members using resilient channels, or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
  - H. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.

- I. Cover both faces of steel stud partition framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
  - 3. Where partitions intersect open concrete coffers, concrete joists, and other structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by coffers, joists, and other structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- wide joints to install sealant.
- J. Isolate perimeter of non-load-bearing gypsum board partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- wide spaces at these locations, and trim edges with U-bead edge trim where edges of gypsum panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- K. Floating Construction: Where feasible, including where recommended in writing by manufacturer, install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction.
- L. Space fasteners in gypsum panels according to referenced gypsum board application and finishing standard and manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - 1. Space screws a maximum of 12 inches on center for vertical applications.
- M. Space fasteners in panels that are tile substrates a maximum of 8 inches on center
- 1.22 PANEL APPLICATION METHODS
  - A. Single-Layer Application:
    - 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to the greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
    - 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum, unless otherwise indicated or required by fireresistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
      - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of board.
  - B. Multilayer Application on Partitions/Walls: Apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.

- C. Single-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.
  - 1. Install with 1/4-inch open space where panels abut other construction or structural penetrations.
  - 2. Fasten with corrosion-resistant screws.
- D. Tile Backing Panels:
  - 1. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and install at locations indicated. Install with 1/4-inch gap where panels abut other construction or penetrations.

#### 1.23 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 1.24 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
  - 1. Prefill open joints and damaged surface areas.
  - 2. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.
- B. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below, according to ASTM C 840, for locations indicated:
  - 1. Concealed Locations: Level 3.
  - 2. All Other Locations: Level 5.
- C. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panels: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 09260

# SECTION 09265 - GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Shaft enclosures.
- 1.2 DEFINITIONS
  - A. Gypsum Board Construction Terminology: Refer to ASTM C 11 for definitions of terms for gypsum board construction not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance:
  - 1. Provide gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies capable of withstanding airpressure loads indicated for maximum heights of partitions without failing and while maintaining an airtight and smoke-tight seal. Evidence of failure includes deflections exceeding limits indicated, bending stresses causing studs to break or to distort, and end-reaction shear causing track (runners) to bend or to shear and studs to become crippled.
  - 2. Provide gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies for horizontal duct enclosures capable of spanning distances indicated within deflection limits indicated.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly indicated.

- C. Fire-Test-Response Reports: From a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency substantiating each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly's required fire-resistance rating.
  - 1. Include data substantiating that elevator entrances and other items that penetrate each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly do not negate fire-resistance rating.
- D. Research/Evaluation Reports: Evidence of compliance with building code in effect for Project, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that substantiate required fire-resistance rating for each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly.
- E. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: As indicated.
- B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements of Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures for installing work related to gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Fasteners proposed for anchoring steel framing to building structure.
  - 2. Items supported by shaft-wall-assembly framing.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, and bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
- B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack gypsum panels flat on leveled supports off the ground to prevent sagging.

#### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with requirements for environmental conditions, room temperatures, and ventilation specified in Division 9 Section, Gypsum Board Assemblies.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.8 ASSEMBLY MATERIALS
  - A. General: Provide materials and components complying with requirements of fireresistance-rated assemblies indicated.
    - 1. Provide panels in maximum lengths available to eliminate or minimize end-to-end butt joints.
    - 2. Provide auxiliary materials complying with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - B. Steel Framing: ASTM C 645.
    - 1. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized coating.
  - C. Gypsum Liner Panels: Manufacturer's proprietary liner panels in 1-inch thickness and with moisture-resistant paper faces.
  - D. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C 36, core type as required by fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
  - E. Accessories: Cornerbead, edge trim, and control joints of material and shapes specified in Division 9 Section Gypsum Board Assemblies that comply with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations for application indicated.
  - F. Gypsum Wallboard Joint-Treatment Materials: ASTM C 475 and as specified in Division 9 Section Gypsum Board Assemblies.
  - G. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
    - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
  - H. Track (Runner) Fasteners: Power-driven fasteners of size and material required to withstand loading conditions imposed on shaft-wall assemblies without exceeding allowable design stress of track, fasteners, or structural substrates in which anchors are embedded.
  - I. Acoustical Sealant: As recommended by gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer for application indicated.

#### 1.9 GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT WALL

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Cavity Shaft Walls; United States Gypsum Company.
- B. Studs: Manufacturer's standard profile for repetitive members and corner and end members and for fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
- C. Track (Runner): Manufacturer's standard J-profile track with long-leg length as standard with manufacturer, in depth matching studs.
- D. Room-Side Finish: Gypsum board.
- E. Shaft-Side Finish: As indicated by fire-resistance-rated assembly design designation.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.10 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates to which gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies attach or abut, with Installer present, including hollow-metal frames, elevator hoistway door frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing. Examine for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 1.11 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies to comply with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and the following:
  - 1. ASTM C 754 for installing steel framing.
  - 2. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for applying and finishing panels.
- B. Do not bridge building expansion joints with shaft-wall assemblies; frame both sides of joints with furring and other support.
- C. Install supplementary framing in gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies around openings and as required for blocking, bracing, and support of gravity and pullout loads of fixtures, equipment, services, heavy trim, furnishings, and similar items that cannot be supported directly by shaft-wall assembly framing.
- D. At penetrations in shaft wall, maintain fire-resistance rating of shaft-wall assembly by installing supplementary steel framing around perimeter of penetration and fire

protection behind boxes containing wiring devices, elevator call buttons, elevator floor indicators, and similar items.

- E. Isolate gypsum finish panels from building structure to prevent cracking of finish panels while maintaining continuity of fire-rated construction.
- F. Install control joints to maintain fire-resistance rating of assemblies.
- G. Seal gypsum board shaft walls with acoustical sealant at perimeter of each assembly where it abuts other work and at joints and penetrations within each assembly. Install acoustical sealant to withstand dislocation by air-pressure differential between shaft and external spaces; maintain an airtight and smoke-tight seal; and comply with manufacturer's written instructions or ASTM C 919, whichever is more stringent.

END OF SECTION 09265

# SECTION 09310 - CERAMIC TILE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Tile.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Module Size: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499) plus joint width indicated.
- B. Facial Dimension: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499).
- C. Facial Dimension: Nominal tile size as defined in ANSI A137.1.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Static Coefficient of Friction: For tile installed on walkway surfaces, provide products with the following values as determined by testing identical products per ASTM C 1028:
  - 1. Level Surfaces: Minimum 0.6.
  - 2. Step Treads: Minimum 0.6.
  - 3. Ramp Surfaces: Minimum 0.8.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show locations of each type of tile and tile pattern. Show widths, details, and locations of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile substrates and finished tile surfaces.

- D. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Full-size units of each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
  - 2. Assembled samples with grouted joints for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required, at least 12 inches square and mounted on rigid panel. Use grout of type and in color or colors approved for completed work.
  - 3. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory for each color and finish required.
  - 4. Stone thresholds in 6-inch lengths.
  - 5. Metal edge strips in 6-inch lengths.
- E. Master Grade Certificates: For each shipment, type, and composition of tile, signed by tile manufacturer and Installer.
- F. Product Certificates: For each type of product, signed by product manufacturer.
- G. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- H. Material Test Reports: For each tile-setting and -grouting product.
- I. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain all tile from one source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from a single manufacturer and each aggregate from one source or producer.
- C. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section through one source from a single manufacturer for each product:
  - 1. Stone thresholds.
  - 2. Waterproofing.
  - 3. Joint sealants.
  - 4. Cementitious backer units.
  - 5. Metal edge strips.
- D. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample Submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects.
  - 1. Build mockup of each type of floor tile installation.

- 2. Build mockup of each type of wall tile installation.
- 3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirement in ANSI A137.1 for labeling sealed tile packages.
  - B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
  - C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
  - D. Handle tile that has temporary protective coating on exposed surfaces to prevent coated surfaces from contacting backs or edges of other units. If coating does contact bonding surfaces of tile, remove coating from bonding surfaces before setting tile.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed, for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 1.9 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Products and Manufacturers Basis of Design: Refer to the Finish Legend.
  - 1. Adhesive: Chapco, "Safe-set"
- B. Waterproofing: Laticrete 9235 Waterproof Membrane; LATICRETE International Inc.

#### 1.10 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
  - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, aligning lower edge of bevel with adjacent floor finish. Limit height of bevel to 1/2 inch or less, and finish bevel to match face of threshold.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503 with a minimum abrasion resistance of [10] [12] per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
  - 1. Description: Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.
  - 2. Description: Match Architect's sample.

#### 1.11 WATERPROOFING FOR THIN-SET TILE INSTALLATIONS

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.10.
- B. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Product: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber and fabric reinforcement.
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
    - a. LATICRETE International Inc.; Laticrete 9235 Waterproof Membrane.

#### 1.12 SETTING MATERIAL

- A. Adhesive:
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
    - a. Chapco, "Safe-set"

#### 1.13 GROUT

- A. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
  - 1. Polymer Admixture: Acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene rubber in liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.
    - a. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design: Laticrete 1776 Grout Admix Plus; Laticrete International, Inc.
  - 2. Unsanded Grout: Factory prepared, unsanded Portland cement grout designed to be mixed with polymer admixture; for joints 1/8 inch and narrower.
  - 3. Sanded Grout: Factory prepared, sanded cement grout designed to be mixed with polymer admixture mixture for joints 1/8 inch and wider.
- B. Grout Colors: To be selected by the Architect from manufacturer's standard color selections.

#### 1.14 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard chemically curing, elastomeric sealants of base polymer and characteristics indicated that comply with applicable requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

#### 1.15 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.

#### 1.16 MIXING GROUT

- A. Mix grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.
- C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.17 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
    - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of oil, waxy films, and curing compounds; and within flatness tolerances required by referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for installations indicated.
    - 2. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed before installing tile.
    - 3. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
  - B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 1.18 PREPARATION

- A. Remove coatings, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, that are incompatible with tile-setting materials.
- B. Provide concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives that comply with flatness tolerances specified in referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
  - 1. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions with trowelable leveling and patching compound according to tile-setting material manufacturer's written instructions. Use product specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
  - 2. Remove protrusions, bumps, and ridges by sanding or grinding.

## 1.19 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Tile Installation Standards: Comply with parts of ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that apply to types of setting and grouting materials and to methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- B. TCA Installation Guidelines: TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation." Comply with TCA installation methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- C. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions, unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

- D. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern, unless otherwise indicated. Align joints when adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, and trim are same size. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Adjust to minimize tile cutting. Provide uniform joint widths, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For tile mounted in sheets, make joints between tile sheets same width as joints within tile sheets so joints between sheets are not apparent in finished work.
- F. Lay out tile wainscots to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- G. Expansion Joints: Locate expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Locate joints in tile surfaces directly above joints in concrete substrates.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- H. Grout tile to comply with requirements of the following tile installation standards:
  - 1. For chemical-resistant epoxy grouts, comply with ANSI A108.6.

#### 1.20 WATERPROOFING INSTALLATION

- A. Install waterproofing to comply with ANSI A108.13 and waterproofing manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness bonded securely to substrate.
- B. Do not install tile over waterproofing until waterproofing has cured and been tested to determine that it is watertight.

#### 1.21 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install tile to comply with requirements in the Floor Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
- B. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds at locations indicated; set in same type of setting bed as abutting field tile, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar for locations where mortar bed would otherwise be exposed above adjacent nontile floor finish.

## 1.22 WALL TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Install types of tile designated for wall installations to comply with requirements in the Wall Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI setting-bed standards.
- B. Install metal lath and scratch coat for walls to comply with ANSI A108.1A, Section 4.1.
- 1.23 CLEANING AND PROTECTING
  - A. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
    - 1. Remove epoxy grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
    - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions, but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.
    - 3. Remove temporary protective coating by method recommended by coating manufacturer that is acceptable to tile and grout manufacturer. Trap and remove coating to prevent it from clogging drains.
  - B. When recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear.
  - C. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
  - D. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral cleaner from tile surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09310

# **SECTION 09511 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. AC: Articulation Class.
- B. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
- C. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.
- D. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Coordinate Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans drawn to scale and coordinating penetrations and ceiling-mounted items. Show the following:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension members.
  - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
  - 3. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Acoustical Panel: Set of 6-inch- square Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.

- 2. Exposed Suspension System Members, Moldings, and Trim: Set of 12-inchlong Samples of each type, finish, and color.
- E. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- G. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each acoustical panel ceiling.
- H. Research/Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling and components.
- I. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.
- J. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory, or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.
- B. Source Limitations:
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panel: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
  - 2. Suspension System: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and supporting suspension system through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical panel ceilings that comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical panel ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
    - a. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.
    - b. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

- 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical panels with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
  - a. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and stabilized moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
  - 1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical panel ceiling installation.

#### 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical panels and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

#### 1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panels: Full-size panels equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.
  - 2. Suspension System Components: Quantity of each exposed component equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 1.9 ACOUSTICAL PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectance, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
- B. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
  - 1. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical panels are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by Architect from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.

#### 1.10 CEILING PANELS

- A. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
  - 1. Ultima; Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
- B. Color: Selected by the Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- C. LR: Not less than 0.89.
- D. NRC: Not less than 0.70.
- E. Edge Profile: 9/16-inch beveled tegular.

- F. Size: As indicated.
- G. Recycled Content: Not less than 79%.
- 1.11 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS, GENERAL
  - A. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.
  - B. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.
  - C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated.
  - D. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
    - 1. Zinc-Coated Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
    - 2. Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B 164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
    - 3. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.135-inch- diameter wire.
  - E. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inchthick, galvanized steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- diameter bolts.
  - F. Hold-Down Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced 24 inches on center on all cross tees.

#### 1.12 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

- A. Roll-Formed Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
  - 1. For lay-in panels with reveal edge details, provide stepped edge molding that forms reveal of same depth and width as that formed between edge of panel and flange at exposed suspension member.

2. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 1.13 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 1.14 PREPARATION

A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

#### 1.15 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."

#### 1.16 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 09511

# **SECTION 09253 - GYPSUM SHEATHING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes gypsum sheathing attached to steel framing members of exterior walls.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gypsum Board Construction Terminology Standard: Refer to ASTM C 11 and GA-505 for definitions of terms for gypsum sheathing board construction not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each product specified.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each gypsum sheathing product through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Where gypsum sheathing boards are part of fireresistance-rated assemblies, provide assemblies as follows:
  - Assemblies comply with requirements of fire-response-tested assemblies indicated by GA File Numbers in GA-600, "Fire Resistance Design Manual"; or by design designations in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or in certification listings of another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Fire-resistance ratings were determined by fire-response testing assemblies according to ASTM E 119.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, or bundles, each bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer.
- B. Store materials protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, or other causes. Neatly stack gypsum sheathing board flat on leveled supports off the ground, under cover, and fully protected from weather.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.6 GYPSUM SHEATHING BOARD
  - A. Paper-Surfaced Gypsum Sheathing Board: ASTM C 79/C 79M, with water-resistant material incorporated into core and with water-repellent paper bonded to core's face, back, and long edges.
    - 1. Type and Thickness: Type X, 5/8 inch thick, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 1.7 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Weather Barrier: Self-Adhering, Polymer-Modified, Bituminous Sheet Underlayment: ASTM D 1970, minimum of 40 mils thick. Provide primer when recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer: Perm-A-Barrier System 4000; W.R. Grace & Co.
    - a. Thickness: 40 mils nominal.
    - b. Surface Conditioner: Perm-A-Barrier Surface Conditioner
  - 2. Other Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products manufactured by one of the following:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation.
    - b. Nord Bitumi US, Inc.
    - c. Polyguard Products, Inc.
- B. Fasteners: Steel drill screws, in length recommended by sheathing manufacturer for thickness of sheathing board to be attached, with organic-polymer or other corrosion-protective coating having a salt-spray resistance of more than 800 hours according to ASTM B 117.

#### 1.8 SHEATHING JOINT-AND-PENETRATION TREATMENT MATERIALS

A. Paper-Surfaced Gypsum Sheathing Board: Elastomeric, medium-modulus, neutralcuring silicone joint sealant compatible with joint substrates formed by gypsum sheathing and other materials, recommended by sheathing manufacturer for application indicated, and complying with requirements for elastomeric sealants specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.9 INSTALLATION
  - A. General: Install gypsum sheathing to comply with GA-253 and manufacturer's written instructions.
    - 1. Cut boards at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of the work; fit tightly against abutting construction, except provide a 3/8-inch setback where non-load-bearing construction abuts structural elements.
    - 2. Coordinate sheathing installation with flashing and joint sealant installation so these materials are installed in the sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed exterior wall assembly.
    - 3. Apply fasteners so screw heads bear tightly against face of sheathing boards but do not cut into facing.
    - 4. Do not bridge building expansion joints with sheathing; cut and space edges to match spacing of structural support elements.

#### 1.10 WEATHER-RESISTANT BARRIER INSTALLATION

- A. Weather Barrier Application: Cover sheathing with weather barrier in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
  - 1. Prime surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Cut back barrier 1/2 inch on each side of the break in supporting members at expansion- or control-joint locations.
  - 3. Apply barrier to cover vertical flashing with a minimum 4-inch overlap, unless otherwise indicated.
- 1.11 SHEATHING JOINT-AND-PENETRATION TREATMENT
  - A. Seal sheathing joints according to sheathing manufacturer's written recommendations.
    - 1. Apply elastomeric sealant on joints and fasteners and trowel flat. Apply sufficient quantity of sealant to completely cover joints and fasteners after troweling. Seal other penetrations and openings.

END OF SECTION 09253

# SECTION 09260 - GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

## PARAT 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Interior gypsum wallboard.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Gypsum Board Terminology: Refer to ASTM C 11 for definitions of terms for gypsum board assemblies not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- C. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For gypsum board assemblies with fire-resistance ratings, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: As indicated.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, or bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack gypsum panels flat to prevent sagging.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Steel Framing and Furring:
    - a. Dale Industries, Inc. Dale/Incor.
    - b. Dietrich Industries, Inc.
    - c. Unimast, Inc.
  - 2. Gypsum Board and Related Products:
    - a. G-P Gypsum Corp.
    - b. National Gypsum Company.
    - c. United States Gypsum Co.

### 1.8 STEEL SUSPENDED CEILING AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Components, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
- B. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inchdiameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- diameter wire.
- C. Hangers: As follows:
  - 1. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.162inch diameter.
- D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base metal thickness of 0.0538 inch, a minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange, with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.

- E. Furring Channels (Furring Members): Commercial-steel sheet with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized.
  - 1. Cold Rolled Channels: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inchwide flange, 3/4 inch deep.
  - 2. Steel Studs: ASTM C 645.
  - 3. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch deep.
- F. Grid Suspension System for Interior Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Furring Systems/Drywall.
    - b. Chicago Metallic Corporation; Drywall Furring System.
    - c. USG Interiors, Inc.; Drywall Suspension System.

### 1.9 STEEL PARTITION AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Components, General: As follows:
  - 1. Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
- B. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
- C. Deep-Leg Deflection Track: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- deep flanges.
- D. Proprietary Deflection Track Contractor's Option: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of gypsum board applied to interior partitions resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
  - 1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Delta Star, Inc., Superior Metal Trim; Superior Flex Track System (SFT).
    - b. Metal-Lite, Inc.; Slotted Track.
- E. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange.
  - 1. Clip Angle: 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inch, 0.068-inch- thick, galvanized steel.
- F. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.

- G. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange.
  - 1. Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum bare steel thickness of 0.0312 inch.
  - 2. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inchdiameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- diameter wire.
- H. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

### 1.10 INTERIOR GYPSUM WALLBOARD

- A. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C 36.
  - 1. Type X:
    - a. Thickness: As indicated.
- C. High Abuse Gypboard: ASTM C 36, manufactured to produce greater resistance to surface indentation and through-penetration than standard gypsum panels.
  - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Hi-Abuse Wallboard.
    - b. United States Gypsum Co.; SHEETROCK Brand Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Panels.
  - 2. Thickness: As indicated.
  - 3. Long Edges: Tapered.

## 1.11 TILE BACKING PANELS AND MOISTURE RESISTANT (MR) BOARD

- A. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Tile Backer and Moisture Resistant (MR) Board: Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Board: ASTM C 1178/C 1178M.
  - 1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "Dens-Shield Tile Backer" manufactured by G-P Gypsum Corp.
  - 2. Thickness: As indicated.

- 1.12 TRIM ACCESSORIES
  - A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
    - 1. Material: Paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
- 1.13 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS
  - A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475.
  - B. Joint Tape:
    - 1. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
    - 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
  - C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by manufacturer.

### 1.14 ACOUSTICAL SEALANT

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
  - 1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints:
    - a. Pecora Corp.; AC-20 FTR Acoustical and Insulation Sealant.
    - b. United States Gypsum Co.; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.

### 1.15 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.
- C. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
- D. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls:
  - 1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.

E. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Division 7 Section "Building Insulation."

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 1.16 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollowmetal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.17 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Ceilings: Coordinate installation of ceiling suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive ceiling hangers at spacing required to support ceilings and that hangers will develop their full strength.
- 1.18 INSTALLING STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL
  - A. Installation Standards: ASTM C 754, and ASTM C 840 requirements that apply to framing installation.
  - B. Install supplementary framing, blocking, and bracing at terminations in gypsum board assemblies to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction. Comply with details indicated and with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations or, if none available, with United States Gypsum's "Gypsum Construction Handbook."
  - C. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with steel framing or furring members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

### 1.19 INSTALLING STEEL SUSPENDED CEILING AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Suspend ceiling hangers from building structure as follows:
  - Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or ceiling suspension system. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

- 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with the location of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards.
- 3. Secure wire hangers by looping and wire-tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eyescrews, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 4. Secure hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eyescrews, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 5. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
- 6. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 7. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- B. Installation Tolerances: Install steel framing components for suspended ceilings so members for panel attachment are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feetmeasured lengthwise on each member and transversely between parallel members.
- C. Install suspended steel framing components in sizes and spacings indicated, but not less than that required by the referenced steel framing and installation standards.
- D. Grid Suspension System: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension system meets vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.

### 1.20 INSTALLING STEEL PARTITION AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. General: Install tracks (runners) at floors, ceilings, and structural walls and columns where gypsum board assemblies abut other construction.
- B. Installation Tolerance: Install each steel framing and furring member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by the faces of adjacent framing.
- C. Extend partition framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing over frames for doors and openings and frame around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling to provide support for gypsum board.
  - 1. Cut studs 1/2 inch short of full height to provide perimeter relief.
- D. Install steel studs so flanges point in the same direction and leading edge or end of each panel can be attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.

- E. Frame door openings to comply with GA-600 and with gypsum board manufacturer's applicable written recommendations, unless otherwise indicated. Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
  - 1. Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint.
  - 3. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of floor or roof structure above.
- F. Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
- 1.21 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL
  - A. Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standards: ASTM C 840 and GA-216.
  - B. Install ceiling board panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in the central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
  - C. Install gypsum panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
  - D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
  - E. Attach gypsum panels to steel studs so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
  - F. Attach gypsum panels to framing provided at openings and cutouts.
  - G. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members using resilient channels, or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
  - H. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.

- I. Cover both faces of steel stud partition framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
  - 3. Where partitions intersect open concrete coffers, concrete joists, and other structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by coffers, joists, and other structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- wide joints to install sealant.
- J. Isolate perimeter of non-load-bearing gypsum board partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- wide spaces at these locations, and trim edges with U-bead edge trim where edges of gypsum panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- K. Floating Construction: Where feasible, including where recommended in writing by manufacturer, install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction.
- L. Space fasteners in gypsum panels according to referenced gypsum board application and finishing standard and manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - 1. Space screws a maximum of 12 inches on center for vertical applications.
- M. Space fasteners in panels that are tile substrates a maximum of 8 inches on center
- 1.22 PANEL APPLICATION METHODS
  - A. Single-Layer Application:
    - 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to the greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
    - 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum, unless otherwise indicated or required by fireresistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
      - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of board.
  - B. Multilayer Application on Partitions/Walls: Apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.

- C. Single-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.
  - 1. Install with 1/4-inch open space where panels abut other construction or structural penetrations.
  - 2. Fasten with corrosion-resistant screws.
- D. Tile Backing Panels:
  - 1. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and install at locations indicated. Install with 1/4-inch gap where panels abut other construction or penetrations.

## 1.23 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.

### 1.24 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
  - 1. Prefill open joints and damaged surface areas.
  - 2. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.
- B. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below, according to ASTM C 840, for locations indicated:
  - 1. Concealed Locations: Level 3.
  - 2. All Other Locations: Level 5.
- C. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panels: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 09260

# SECTION 09265 - GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Shaft enclosures.
- 1.2 DEFINITIONS
  - A. Gypsum Board Construction Terminology: Refer to ASTM C 11 for definitions of terms for gypsum board construction not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance:
  - 1. Provide gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies capable of withstanding airpressure loads indicated for maximum heights of partitions without failing and while maintaining an airtight and smoke-tight seal. Evidence of failure includes deflections exceeding limits indicated, bending stresses causing studs to break or to distort, and end-reaction shear causing track (runners) to bend or to shear and studs to become crippled.
  - 2. Provide gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies for horizontal duct enclosures capable of spanning distances indicated within deflection limits indicated.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly indicated.

- C. Fire-Test-Response Reports: From a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency substantiating each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly's required fire-resistance rating.
  - 1. Include data substantiating that elevator entrances and other items that penetrate each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly do not negate fire-resistance rating.
- D. Research/Evaluation Reports: Evidence of compliance with building code in effect for Project, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that substantiate required fire-resistance rating for each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly.
- E. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: As indicated.
- B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements of Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures for installing work related to gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Fasteners proposed for anchoring steel framing to building structure.
  - 2. Items supported by shaft-wall-assembly framing.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, and bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
- B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack gypsum panels flat on leveled supports off the ground to prevent sagging.

### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Comply with requirements for environmental conditions, room temperatures, and ventilation specified in Division 9 Section, Gypsum Board Assemblies.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.8 ASSEMBLY MATERIALS
  - A. General: Provide materials and components complying with requirements of fireresistance-rated assemblies indicated.
    - 1. Provide panels in maximum lengths available to eliminate or minimize end-to-end butt joints.
    - 2. Provide auxiliary materials complying with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - B. Steel Framing: ASTM C 645.
    - 1. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized coating.
  - C. Gypsum Liner Panels: Manufacturer's proprietary liner panels in 1-inch thickness and with moisture-resistant paper faces.
  - D. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C 36, core type as required by fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
  - E. Accessories: Cornerbead, edge trim, and control joints of material and shapes specified in Division 9 Section Gypsum Board Assemblies that comply with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations for application indicated.
  - F. Gypsum Wallboard Joint-Treatment Materials: ASTM C 475 and as specified in Division 9 Section Gypsum Board Assemblies.
  - G. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
    - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
  - H. Track (Runner) Fasteners: Power-driven fasteners of size and material required to withstand loading conditions imposed on shaft-wall assemblies without exceeding allowable design stress of track, fasteners, or structural substrates in which anchors are embedded.
  - I. Acoustical Sealant: As recommended by gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer for application indicated.

### 1.9 GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT WALL

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Cavity Shaft Walls; United States Gypsum Company.
- B. Studs: Manufacturer's standard profile for repetitive members and corner and end members and for fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
- C. Track (Runner): Manufacturer's standard J-profile track with long-leg length as standard with manufacturer, in depth matching studs.
- D. Room-Side Finish: Gypsum board.
- E. Shaft-Side Finish: As indicated by fire-resistance-rated assembly design designation.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.10 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates to which gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies attach or abut, with Installer present, including hollow-metal frames, elevator hoistway door frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing. Examine for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.11 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies to comply with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and the following:
  - 1. ASTM C 754 for installing steel framing.
  - 2. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for applying and finishing panels.
- B. Do not bridge building expansion joints with shaft-wall assemblies; frame both sides of joints with furring and other support.
- C. Install supplementary framing in gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies around openings and as required for blocking, bracing, and support of gravity and pullout loads of fixtures, equipment, services, heavy trim, furnishings, and similar items that cannot be supported directly by shaft-wall assembly framing.
- D. At penetrations in shaft wall, maintain fire-resistance rating of shaft-wall assembly by installing supplementary steel framing around perimeter of penetration and fire

protection behind boxes containing wiring devices, elevator call buttons, elevator floor indicators, and similar items.

- E. Isolate gypsum finish panels from building structure to prevent cracking of finish panels while maintaining continuity of fire-rated construction.
- F. Install control joints to maintain fire-resistance rating of assemblies.
- G. Seal gypsum board shaft walls with acoustical sealant at perimeter of each assembly where it abuts other work and at joints and penetrations within each assembly. Install acoustical sealant to withstand dislocation by air-pressure differential between shaft and external spaces; maintain an airtight and smoke-tight seal; and comply with manufacturer's written instructions or ASTM C 919, whichever is more stringent.

END OF SECTION 09265

# SECTION 09310 - CERAMIC TILE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Tile.

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Module Size: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499) plus joint width indicated.
- B. Facial Dimension: Actual tile size (minor facial dimension as measured per ASTM C 499).
- C. Facial Dimension: Nominal tile size as defined in ANSI A137.1.

### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Static Coefficient of Friction: For tile installed on walkway surfaces, provide products with the following values as determined by testing identical products per ASTM C 1028:
  - 1. Level Surfaces: Minimum 0.6.
  - 2. Step Treads: Minimum 0.6.
  - 3. Ramp Surfaces: Minimum 0.8.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show locations of each type of tile and tile pattern. Show widths, details, and locations of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile substrates and finished tile surfaces.

- D. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Full-size units of each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
  - 2. Assembled samples with grouted joints for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required, at least 12 inches square and mounted on rigid panel. Use grout of type and in color or colors approved for completed work.
  - 3. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory for each color and finish required.
  - 4. Stone thresholds in 6-inch lengths.
  - 5. Metal edge strips in 6-inch lengths.
- E. Master Grade Certificates: For each shipment, type, and composition of tile, signed by tile manufacturer and Installer.
- F. Product Certificates: For each type of product, signed by product manufacturer.
- G. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- H. Material Test Reports: For each tile-setting and -grouting product.
- I. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain all tile from one source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from a single manufacturer and each aggregate from one source or producer.
- C. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section through one source from a single manufacturer for each product:
  - 1. Stone thresholds.
  - 2. Waterproofing.
  - 3. Joint sealants.
  - 4. Cementitious backer units.
  - 5. Metal edge strips.
- D. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample Submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects.
  - 1. Build mockup of each type of floor tile installation.

- 2. Build mockup of each type of wall tile installation.
- 3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirement in ANSI A137.1 for labeling sealed tile packages.
  - B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
  - C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
  - D. Handle tile that has temporary protective coating on exposed surfaces to prevent coated surfaces from contacting backs or edges of other units. If coating does contact bonding surfaces of tile, remove coating from bonding surfaces before setting tile.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed, for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 1.9 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Products and Manufacturers Basis of Design: Refer to the Finish Legend.
  - 1. Adhesive: Chapco, "Safe-set"
- B. Waterproofing: Laticrete 9235 Waterproof Membrane; LATICRETE International Inc.

### 1.10 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
  - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, aligning lower edge of bevel with adjacent floor finish. Limit height of bevel to 1/2 inch or less, and finish bevel to match face of threshold.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503 with a minimum abrasion resistance of [10] [12] per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
  - 1. Description: Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.
  - 2. Description: Match Architect's sample.

### 1.11 WATERPROOFING FOR THIN-SET TILE INSTALLATIONS

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.10.
- B. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Product: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber and fabric reinforcement.
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
    - a. LATICRETE International Inc.; Laticrete 9235 Waterproof Membrane.

### 1.12 SETTING MATERIAL

- A. Adhesive:
  - 1. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
    - a. Chapco, "Safe-set"

### 1.13 GROUT

- A. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
  - 1. Polymer Admixture: Acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene rubber in liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.
    - a. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design: Laticrete 1776 Grout Admix Plus; Laticrete International, Inc.
  - 2. Unsanded Grout: Factory prepared, unsanded Portland cement grout designed to be mixed with polymer admixture; for joints 1/8 inch and narrower.
  - 3. Sanded Grout: Factory prepared, sanded cement grout designed to be mixed with polymer admixture mixture for joints 1/8 inch and wider.
- B. Grout Colors: To be selected by the Architect from manufacturer's standard color selections.

### 1.14 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard chemically curing, elastomeric sealants of base polymer and characteristics indicated that comply with applicable requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

### 1.15 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.

### 1.16 MIXING GROUT

- A. Mix grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.
- C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.17 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
    - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of oil, waxy films, and curing compounds; and within flatness tolerances required by referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for installations indicated.
    - 2. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed before installing tile.
    - 3. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
  - B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.18 PREPARATION

- A. Remove coatings, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, that are incompatible with tile-setting materials.
- B. Provide concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives that comply with flatness tolerances specified in referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
  - 1. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions with trowelable leveling and patching compound according to tile-setting material manufacturer's written instructions. Use product specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
  - 2. Remove protrusions, bumps, and ridges by sanding or grinding.

## 1.19 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Tile Installation Standards: Comply with parts of ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that apply to types of setting and grouting materials and to methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- B. TCA Installation Guidelines: TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation." Comply with TCA installation methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- C. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions, unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

- D. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern, unless otherwise indicated. Align joints when adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, and trim are same size. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Adjust to minimize tile cutting. Provide uniform joint widths, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For tile mounted in sheets, make joints between tile sheets same width as joints within tile sheets so joints between sheets are not apparent in finished work.
- F. Lay out tile wainscots to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- G. Expansion Joints: Locate expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Locate joints in tile surfaces directly above joints in concrete substrates.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- H. Grout tile to comply with requirements of the following tile installation standards:
  - 1. For chemical-resistant epoxy grouts, comply with ANSI A108.6.

### 1.20 WATERPROOFING INSTALLATION

- A. Install waterproofing to comply with ANSI A108.13 and waterproofing manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness bonded securely to substrate.
- B. Do not install tile over waterproofing until waterproofing has cured and been tested to determine that it is watertight.

## 1.21 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install tile to comply with requirements in the Floor Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
- B. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds at locations indicated; set in same type of setting bed as abutting field tile, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar for locations where mortar bed would otherwise be exposed above adjacent nontile floor finish.

## 1.22 WALL TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Install types of tile designated for wall installations to comply with requirements in the Wall Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI setting-bed standards.
- B. Install metal lath and scratch coat for walls to comply with ANSI A108.1A, Section 4.1.
- 1.23 CLEANING AND PROTECTING
  - A. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
    - 1. Remove epoxy grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
    - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions, but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.
    - 3. Remove temporary protective coating by method recommended by coating manufacturer that is acceptable to tile and grout manufacturer. Trap and remove coating to prevent it from clogging drains.
  - B. When recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear.
  - C. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
  - D. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral cleaner from tile surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09310

# **SECTION 09511 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. AC: Articulation Class.
- B. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
- C. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.
- D. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Coordinate Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans drawn to scale and coordinating penetrations and ceiling-mounted items. Show the following:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension members.
  - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
  - 3. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Acoustical Panel: Set of 6-inch- square Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.

- 2. Exposed Suspension System Members, Moldings, and Trim: Set of 12-inchlong Samples of each type, finish, and color.
- E. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- G. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each acoustical panel ceiling.
- H. Research/Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling and components.
- I. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.
- J. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory, or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.
- B. Source Limitations:
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panel: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
  - 2. Suspension System: Obtain each type through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and supporting suspension system through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical panel ceilings that comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical panel ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
    - a. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.
    - b. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

- 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical panels with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
  - a. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and stabilized moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
  - 1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical panel ceiling installation.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical panels and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

### 1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panels: Full-size panels equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.
  - 2. Suspension System Components: Quantity of each exposed component equal to 2.0 percent of quantity installed.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 1.9 ACOUSTICAL PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectance, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
- B. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
  - 1. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical panels are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by Architect from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.

### 1.10 CEILING PANELS

- A. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design:
  - 1. Ultima; Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
- B. Color: Selected by the Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- C. LR: Not less than 0.89.
- D. NRC: Not less than 0.70.
- E. Edge Profile: 9/16-inch beveled tegular.

- F. Size: As indicated.
- G. Recycled Content: Not less than 79%.
- 1.11 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS, GENERAL
  - A. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.
  - B. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.
  - C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated.
  - D. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
    - 1. Zinc-Coated Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
    - 2. Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B 164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
    - 3. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.135-inch- diameter wire.
  - E. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inchthick, galvanized steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- diameter bolts.
  - F. Hold-Down Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced 24 inches on center on all cross tees.

### 1.12 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

- A. Roll-Formed Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
  - 1. For lay-in panels with reveal edge details, provide stepped edge molding that forms reveal of same depth and width as that formed between edge of panel and flange at exposed suspension member.

2. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 1.13 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.14 PREPARATION

A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

### 1.15 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."

### 1.16 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 09511

# SECTION 09653 - RESILIENT WALL BASE AND ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Wall base.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated, in manufacturer's standard-size Samples but not less than 12 inches long, of each resilient product color, texture, and pattern required.
- E. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide resilient stair accessories with a critical radiant flux classification of Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 degrees F or more than 90 degrees F.

### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After postinstallation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

### 1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.7 RESILIENT WALL BASE
  - A. Wall Base: ASTM F 1861.
  - B. Product and Manufacturer Basis of Design: Refer to the Finish Legend.
  - C. Type (Material Requirement): TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset).
  - D. Group (Manufacturing Method): I (solid).
  - E. Style: Cove (with top-set toe).
  - F. Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch.
  - G. Height: 4 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
  - H. Outside Corners: Job formed or premolded.
  - I. Inside Corners: Job formed or premolded.
  - J. Surface: Smooth.

K. Colors and Patterns: Refer to the Finish Legend. If not indicated, colors shall be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 1.8 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by resilient product manufacturers for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water resistant types made or recommended by the flooring manufacturer for the conditions of the installation.
  - 1. Products and Manufacturers: W.F. Taylor "Envirotec #2040', AFM, Mapei, or Roberts 'Earthbound 7200 Cove Base Adhesive'.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 1.9 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
  - 2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.10 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates for Stair Accessories: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
  - 3. Moisture Testing:
    - a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

- b. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
- C. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- D. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- E. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
  - 1. Do not install resilient products until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
- F. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 1.11 RESILIENT WALL BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Apply wall base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- B. Install wall base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- C. Tightly adhere wall base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- D. Do not stretch wall base during installation.
- E. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- F. Premolded Corners: Install premolded corners before installing straight pieces.
- G. Job-Formed Corners:
  - 1. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends. Shave back of base at points where bends occur and remove strips perpendicular to length of base that are only deep enough to produce a snug fit without removing more than half the wall base thickness.
  - 2. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible. Form by cutting an inverted V-shaped notch in toe of wall base at the point where corner

is formed. Shave back of base where necessary to produce a snug fit to substrate.

### 1.12 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
    - a. Do not wash surfaces until after time period recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Apply protective floor polish to stair accessory surfaces that are free from soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes if recommended in writing by manufacturer.
    - a. Use commercially available product acceptable to manufacturer.
    - b. Coordinate selection of floor polish with Owner's maintenance service.
  - 2. Cover stair accessory products with undyed, untreated building paper until Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over stair accessories. Place plywood or hardboard panels over surfaces and under objects while they are being moved. Slide or roll objects over panels without moving panels.

END OF SECTION 09653

# **SECTION 09654 - LINOLEUM FLOOR COVERINGS**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes linoleum floor tile and sheet floor coverings.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Show locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, builtin furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
  - 2. Show details of special patterns.
- D. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of linoleum floor covering indicated.
  - 1. Include similar Samples of installation accessories involving color selection.
- E. Samples for Verification: In manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 6-by-9-inch sections of each color and pattern of linoleum floor covering required.
  - 1. Heat-Welding Bead: Include manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 9 inches long, of each color required.
- F. Heat-Welded Seam Samples: For each flooring product and welding bead color and pattern combination required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 6-by-9-inch Sample applied to rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
- G. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- H. Maintenance Data: For linoleum floor coverings to include in maintenance manuals.
- I. Products Recycled Content: Provide certification from manufacturer on product's recycled content.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project that are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for floor covering installation indicated.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project that are trained or certified by floor covering manufacturer for installation techniques required.
- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products identical to those tested for fireexposure behavior per test method indicated by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Mockups: Install mockups to verify selections made under sample Submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and qualities of materials and execution.
  - 1. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 degrees F or more than 90 degrees F.
  - 1. Floor Tile: Store on flat surfaces.
  - 2. Sheet Floor Covering: Store rolls upright.

### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:
  - 1. 72 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 72 hours after installation.
- B. After postinstallation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 72 hours after floor covering installation.
- E. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

### 1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Floor Tile: Furnish one box for every 50 boxes or fraction thereof of each type, color, and pattern of floor tile installed.
  - 2. Sheet Floor Covering: Furnish not less than 10 linear feet in full roll width for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, in roll form and in full roll width, of each different type, color, and pattern of sheet floor covering installed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 1.7 LINOLEUM FLOOR COVERING
  - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers producing products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
    - 2. Azrock Commercial Flooring, DOMCO
    - 3. Forbo Industries, Inc.
  - B. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - C. Tile: Solidified mixture of linoleum cement binder (linseed oil and pine, fossil, or other resins or rosins, or equivalent oxidized oleoresinous binder) and ground cork, wood flour, mineral fillers, and pigments bonded to a fibrous or other suitable backing so that backing is partially embedded in mixture. Patterns and colors extend through entire wear-layer thickness.
    - 1. Nominal Tile Size: Manufacturer's standard.
  - D. Sheet Floor Covering: ASTM F 2034.
    - 1. Roll Size: In manufacturer's standard length by not less than 78 inches wide.
  - E. Seaming Method: Heat welded.
  - F. Thickness: Manufacturer's standard for installation indicated.
  - G. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
    - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm per ASTM E 648.
- 1.8 INSTALLATION MATERIALS
- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic cement based formulation provided or approved by floor covering manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water resistant types made or recommended by the flooring manufacturer for the conditions of the installation.
- C. Heat-Welding Bead: Solid-strand product of floor covering manufacturer.
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range to contrast with floor covering.
- D. Integral-Flash-Cove-Base Accessories:
  - 1. Cove Strip: 1-inch radius provided or approved by floor covering manufacturer.
- E. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish, of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edge of floor covering, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.9 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.
    - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of floor coverings.
    - 2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.10 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations to ensure adhesion of floor coverings.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

- 3. Moisture Testing:
  - a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
  - b. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
- C. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with floor covering adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- D. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- E. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 72 hours in advance of installation.
  - 1. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
- F. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 1.11 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Scribe and cut floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings.
- B. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- C. Maintain reference markers, holes, or openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on subfloor. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
- D. Install floor coverings on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern with pieces of floor coverings installed on covers. Tightly adhere floor covering edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
- E. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

F. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.

## 1.12 TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Lay out tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
  - 1. Lay tiles in pattern indicated.
- B. Match tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.

### 1.13 SHEET FLOOR COVERING INSTALLATION

- A. Unroll sheet floor coverings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
- B. Lay out sheet floor coverings as follows:
  - 1. Maintain uniformity of floor covering direction.
  - 2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches away from parallel joints in floor covering substrates.
  - 3. Match edges of floor coverings for color shading at seams.
  - 4. Avoid cross seams.
  - 5. Eliminate deformations that result from hanging method used during drying process (stove bar marks).
- C. Integral Flash Cove Base: Cove floor coverings dimension indicated up vertical surfaces. Support floor coverings at horizontal and vertical junction with cove strip. Butt at top against cap strip.

### 1.14 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Perform the following operations immediately after installing floor coverings:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other surface blemishes from floor covering surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum floor coverings thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop floor coverings to remove marks and soil.
    - a. Do not wash floor coverings until after time period recommended by manufacturer.

- B. Protect floor coverings against mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Apply protective floor polish to surfaces that are free of soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes.
    - a. Seal linoleum as recommended by manufacturer but with not less than three coats of floor polish.
    - b. Use commercially available product acceptable to manufacturer.
    - c. Coordinate selection of floor polish with Owner's maintenance service.
  - 2. Cover linoleum floor coverings with undyed, untreated building paper until inspection for Substantial Completion.
    - a. Allow drying room film (yellow film caused by linseed oil oxidation) to disappear before Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over floor covering surfaces. Place plywood or hardboard panels over floor coverings and under objects while they are being moved. Slide or roll objects over panels without moving panels.

END OF SECTION 09654

# SECTION 09680 - CARPET

# PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
  - A. This Section includes the following:
    - 1. Carpet.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include manufacturer's written data on physical characteristics, durability, and fade resistance. Include installation recommendations for each type of substrate required.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
  - 1. Columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet.
  - 2. Existing flooring materials to be removed.
  - 3. Existing flooring materials to remain.
  - 4. Carpet type, color, and dye lot.
  - 5. Locations where dye lot changes occur.
  - 6. Seam locations, types, and methods.
  - 7. Type of subfloor.
  - 8. Type of installation.
  - 9. Pattern type, repeat size, location, direction, and starting point.
  - 10. Pile direction.
  - 11. Type, color, and location of insets and borders.
  - 12. Type, color, and location of edge, transition, and other accessory strips.
  - 13. Transition details to other flooring materials.
- D. Samples: For each of the following products and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer's name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - 1. Carpet: 12-inch- square Sample.
  - 2. Exposed Edge Stripping and Accessory: 12-inch- long Samples.

- 3. Carpet Seam: 6-inch Sample.
- 4. Mitered Carpet Border Seam: 12-inch- square Sample. Show carpet pattern alignment.
- E. Product Schedule: Use same room and product designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
- F. Maintenance Data: For carpet to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1. Include the following:
  - 1. Methods for maintaining carpet, including cleaning and stain-removal products and procedures and manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.
  - 2. Precautions for cleaning materials and methods that could be detrimental to carpet.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.
- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products with the critical radiant flux classification indicated in Part 2, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Product Options: Products and manufacturers named in Part 2 establish requirements for product quality in terms of appearance, construction, and performance. Other manufacturers' products comparable in quality to named products and complying with requirements may be considered. Refer to Division 1 Section "Substitutions."
- D. Mockups: Before installing carpet, install mockups for each type of carpet installation required to demonstrate aesthetic effects and qualities of materials and execution. Install mockups to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for the completed Work:
  - 1. Install mockups in the location and of the size indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be installed.
  - 3. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
  - 4. Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before starting work.
  - 5. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
  - 6. Remove mockups when directed.
  - 7. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undamaged at time of Substantial Completion.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."

### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 6.1, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity."
- B. Environmental Limitations: Do not install carpet until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
- C. Do not install carpet over concrete slabs until slabs have cured and are sufficiently dry to bond with adhesive and concrete slabs have pH range recommended by carpet manufacturer.
- D. Where demountable partitions or other items are indicated for installation on top of carpet, install carpet before installing these items.

### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Carpet Warranty: Written warranty, signed by carpet manufacturer agreeing to replace carpet that does not comply with requirements or that fails within specified warranty period. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, and delamination.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

### 1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below, before installation begins, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Carpet: Full-width rolls equal to 5 percent of amount installed for each type indicated, but not less than 10 sq. yd..

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 1.8 CARPET

A. Product and Manufacturer – Basis of Design: Refer to the Finish Legend.

## 1.9 INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cementbased formulation provided by or recommended by the following:
  - 1. Carpet manufacturer.
- B. Adhesive: AFM, "3-1 Adhesive"

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 1.10 EXAMINATION
  - A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, alkalinity range, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting carpet performance. Verify that substrates and conditions are satisfactory for carpet installation and comply with requirements specified.
  - B. Concrete Subfloors: Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F 710 and the following:
    - 1. Slab substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, hardeners, and other materials that may interfere with adhesive bond. Determine adhesion and dryness characteristics by performing bond and moisture tests recommended by the following:
      - a. Carpet manufacturer.
    - 2. Subfloor finishes comply with requirements specified in Division 3 Section "Castin-Place Concrete" for slabs receiving carpet.
    - 3. Subfloors are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits.
  - C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.11 PREPARATION

- A. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 6.2, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and carpet manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive carpet installation.
- B. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- C. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by the following:
  - 1. Carpet manufacturer.
- D. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 1.12 INSTALLATION

- A. Double-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 9, "Double Glue-Down Installation."
- B. Comply with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations for seam locations and direction of carpet; maintain uniformity of carpet direction and lay of pile. At doorways, center seams under the door in closed position.
  - 1. Bevel adjoining border edges at seams with hand shears.
  - 2. Level adjoining border edges.
- C. Do not bridge building expansion joints with carpet.
- D. Cut and fit carpet to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet manufacturer.
- E. Extend carpet into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
- G. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.

## 1.13 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet:
  - 1. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet manufacturer.
  - 2. Remove yarns that protrude from carpet surface.
  - 3. Vacuum carpet using commercial machine with face-beater element.
- B. Protect installed carpet to comply with CRI 104, Section 15, "Protection of Indoor Installations."
- C. Protect carpet against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 09680

# **SECTION 09912 - PAINTING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and field painting of the following:
  - 1. Exposed exterior items and surfaces.
  - 2. Exposed interior items and surfaces.
  - 3. Surface preparation, priming, and finish coats specified in this Section are in addition to shop priming and surface treatment specified in other Sections.
- B. Paint exposed surfaces, except where the paint schedules indicate that a surface or material is not to be painted or is to remain natural. If the paint schedules do not specifically mention an item or a surface, paint the item or surface the same as similar adjacent materials or surfaces whether or not schedules indicate colors. If the schedules do not indicate color or finish, the Architect will select from standard colors and finishes available.
  - 1. Painting includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipes and ducts (including color coding), hangers, exposed steel and iron work, and primed metal surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment.
- C. Do not paint prefinished items, concealed surfaces, finished metal surfaces, operating parts, and labels.
  - 1. Labels: Do not paint over Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Factory Mutual (FM), or other code-required labels or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Safety Data (MSD): MSD Sheets are required for all materials with detailed information on content, product safety, and potentially harmful characteristics. MSD Sheets shall be submitted by Contractor to the Architect for review prior to delivery or use of such materials on the project site. Product approval will depend, in part, upon meeting the environmental requirements of this specification, based upon MSD information submitted to the Architect for review.
- B. Product Data: For each paint system specified. Include block fillers and primers.
  - 1. Material List: Provide an inclusive list of required coating materials. Indicate each material and cross-reference specific coating, finish system, and application. Identify each material by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.

- 2. Manufacturer's Information: Provide manufacturer's technical information, including label analysis and instructions for handling, storing, and applying each coating material proposed for use.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for each type of finish-coat material indicated.
  - 1. After color selection, the Architect will furnish color chips for surfaces to be coated.
- D. Samples for Verification: Of each color and material to be applied, with texture to simulate actual conditions, on representative Samples of the actual substrate.
  - 1. Provide stepped Samples, defining each separate coat, including block fillers and primers. Use representative colors when preparing Samples for review. Resubmit until required sheen, color, and texture are achieved.
  - 2. Provide a list of materials and applications for each coat of each sample. Label each sample for location and application.
- E. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Applicator Qualifications: Engage an experienced applicator who has completed painting system applications similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain block fillers, primers, and undercoat materials for each coating system from the same manufacturer as the finish coats.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to the Project Site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:
  - 1. Product name or title of material.
  - 2. Product description (generic classification or binder type).
  - 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.
  - 4. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
  - 5. Thinning instructions.
  - 6. Application instructions.
  - 7. Color name and number.
  - 8. VOC content.

- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 45 deg F. Maintain containers used in storage in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 1. Protect from freezing. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from fire and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and application.

## 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply water-based paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 and 90 degrees F.
- B. Apply solvent-thinned paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 45 and 95 degrees F.
- C. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog, or mist; or when the relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; or at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
  - 1. Painting may continue during inclement weather if surfaces and areas to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by manufacturer during application and drying periods.

### 1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra paint materials from the same production run as the materials applied in the quantities described below. Package paint materials in unopened, factory-sealed containers for storage and identify with labels describing contents. Deliver extra materials to the Owner.
  - 1. Quantity: Furnish the Owner with extra paint materials in the quantities indicated below:
    - a. Exterior Paint: One gallon of each color applied.
    - b. Interior Paint: One gallon of each color applied.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 1.7 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturer Specified: As indicated.
- B. Other Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Company
  - 2. Duron, Inc.
  - 3. ICI Paints
  - 4. Sherwin-Williams

### 1.8 PAINT MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility: Provide block fillers, primers, undercoats, and finish-coat materials that are compatible with one another and the substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Material Quality: Provide manufacturer's best-quality paint material of the various coating types specified. Paint-material containers not displaying manufacturer's product identification will not be acceptable.
  - 1. Proprietary Names: Use of manufacturer's proprietary product names to designate colors or materials is not intended to imply that products named are required to be used to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers. Furnish manufacturer's material data and certificates of performance for proposed substitutions.
- C. Colors: As indicated; where not indicated colors will be selected by the Architect from manufacturer's full line of color selections.

# PARAT 3 - EXECUTION

### 1.9 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with the Applicator present, under which painting will be performed for compliance with paint application requirements.
  - 1. Do not begin to apply paint until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces receiving paint are thoroughly dry.
  - 2. Start of painting will be construed as the Applicator's acceptance of surfaces and conditions within a particular area.

- B. Coordination of Work: Review other Sections in which primers are provided to ensure compatibility of the total system for various substrates. On request, furnish information on characteristics of finish materials to ensure use of compatible primers.
  - 1. Notify the Architect about anticipated problems using the materials specified over substrates primed by others.

## 1.10 PREPARATION

- A. General: Remove hardware and hardware accessories, plates, machined surfaces, lighting fixtures, and similar items already installed that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of the size or weight of the item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations in each space or area, reinstall items removed using workers skilled in the trades involved.
- B. Cleaning: Before applying paint or other surface treatments, clean the substrates of substances that could impair the bond of the various coatings. Remove oil and grease before cleaning.
  - 1. Schedule cleaning and painting so dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.
- C. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be painted according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.
  - 1. Concrete Tunnel: Fill all bug holes and voids in concrete surfaces using nonshrink grout. Repair and fill all cracks. Tunnel surfaces, floor, side walls, and ceiling areas shall be smooth, without bug holes, fins, cracks, or other surfaces defects prior to the application of the paint system indicated. Vacuum and wipe clean all surfaces to provide a clean surface for paint system application.
- D. Materials Preparation: Mix and prepare paint materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Tinting: Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to simplify identification of each coat when multiple coats of the same material are applied. Tint undercoats to match the color of the finish coat, but provide sufficient differences in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

### 1.11 APPLICATION

A. General: Apply paint according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied.

### 1.12 CLEANING

- A. Cleanup: At the end of each workday, remove empty cans, rags, rubbish, and other discarded paint materials from the site.
  - 1. After completing painting, clean glass and paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by washing and scraping. Be careful not to scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

### 1.13 PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades, whether being painted or not, against damage by painting. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting, as approved by Architect.
- B. Provide "Wet Paint" signs to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others to protect their work after completing painting operations.
  - 1. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.
- 1.14 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE
  - A. Concrete Masonry Units:
    - 1. Semigloss, Latex Enamel Finish: Two coats over filled surface with total dry film thickness not less than 3.5 mils, excluding filler coat.
      - a. Block Filler: High-Performance latex block filler.
        - 1) Moore: Super Craft Latex Block Filler #285.
      - b. Concrete Masonry: Interior enamel undercoat (primer).
        - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Primer #231.
      - c. Finish Coat: Interior, semi-gloss, low odor, latex enamel.
        - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Semi-gloss Enamel #224.

- B. Plaster and Gypsum Drywall Systems:
  - 1. Walls: Low Odor Eggshell Latex Enamel Finish: Three coats with total dry film thickness not less than 2.5 mils.
    - a. Primer: White, interior, latex-based primer.
      - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Primer #231
    - b. First and Second Coats: Interior, eggshell, low odor, latex enamel.
      - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Eggshell Enamel #.
  - 2. Painted Ceilings: Low Odor Flat Latex Enamel Finish except as noted in the finish schedule: Three coats with total dry film thickness not less than 2.5 mils.
    - a. Primer: White, interior, latex-based primer.
      - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Primer #231
    - b. First and Second Coats: Interior, flat 'ceiling white', low odor, latex enamel.
      - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Flat Enamel #219.
- C. Metals: (Primer is not required on shop-primed items.)
  - 1. Ferrous Metal:
    - a. Primer:
      - 1) Moore Interior and Exterior Rust Block #M-82.
    - b. Two Finish Coats over Primer over Ferrous Metal.
      - 1) Moore DTM Water-Based Acrylic Gloss Enamel #M-28
      - 2) Moore DTM Water-Based Acrylic Semi-gloss Enamel #M-29
    - c. Three Coats where Primer is not used (DTM System) over New Non-Shop Primed Ferrous Metal:
      - 1) Moore Mooreguard Low Luster Latex DTM #103.
      - 2) Moore Moore Glo Semi-gloss Latex DTM #096
- D. Woodwork:
  - 1. Painted Woodwork
    - a. One coat wood primer
      - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex Primer #231

- b. Two finish coats: use finish as noted on schedule semi-gloss unless otherwise noted
  - 1) Moore: Pristine Eco Spec Interior Latex
- 2. Clear Sealed Woodwork: Semi-gloss unless otherwise noted
  - a. Three coats wood sealer
    - 1) American Formulating & Manufacturing Polyureseal BP, Satin Finish
- E. Concrete Floor:
  - 1. Concrete Floor Sealer: Apply sealer in a thin film with a sponge mop or soft cloth, and allow 2 hours to dry. Porous surfaces may require a second coat to form a complete membrane. Rub out to soft gloss.
    - a. AFM Enterprises 'Watershield"
- 1.15 EXTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE
  - A. Ferrous Metal, Primed and Unprimed:
    - 1. Paint System, Application and Finish: Alkyd; two finish coats over prime coat; semi-gloss finish. Pre-primed requires top finish only; prime coat damaged surfaces.
      - a. Primer:
        - 1) Moore: 163 IronClad Alkyd Low Lustre Metal & Wood Enamel
      - b. Finish Coat:
        - 1) Moore: 133 Impervo Alkyd High Gloss Enamel
  - B. Zinc Coated Metal, Primed and Unprimed:
    - 1. Paint System, Application and Finish: Alkyd; two finish coats over prime coat; Gloss finish. Pre-primed requires top finish only; prime coat damaged surfaces.
      - a. Primer:
        - 1) Moore: Galvanized Metal Primer
      - b. Finish Coat:
        - 1) Moore: 133 Impervo Alkyd High Gloss Enamel

# END OF SECTION 09912

GEA 0300-0600